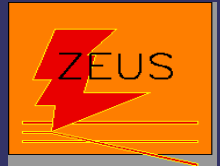


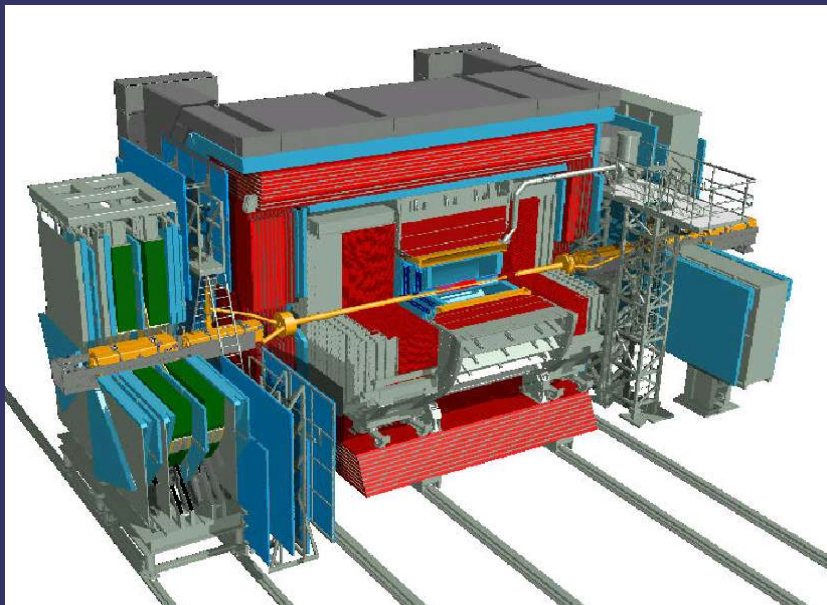


ZEUS status report - recent results

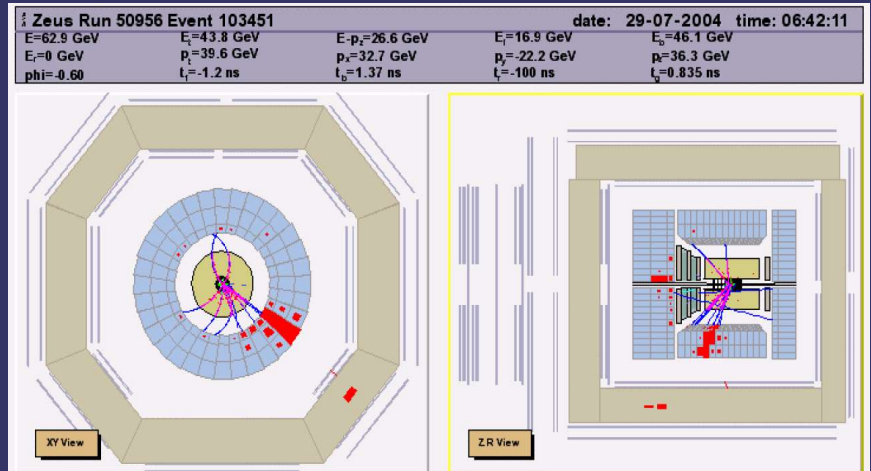


S.Chekanov (ANL)
for the ZEUS Collaboration

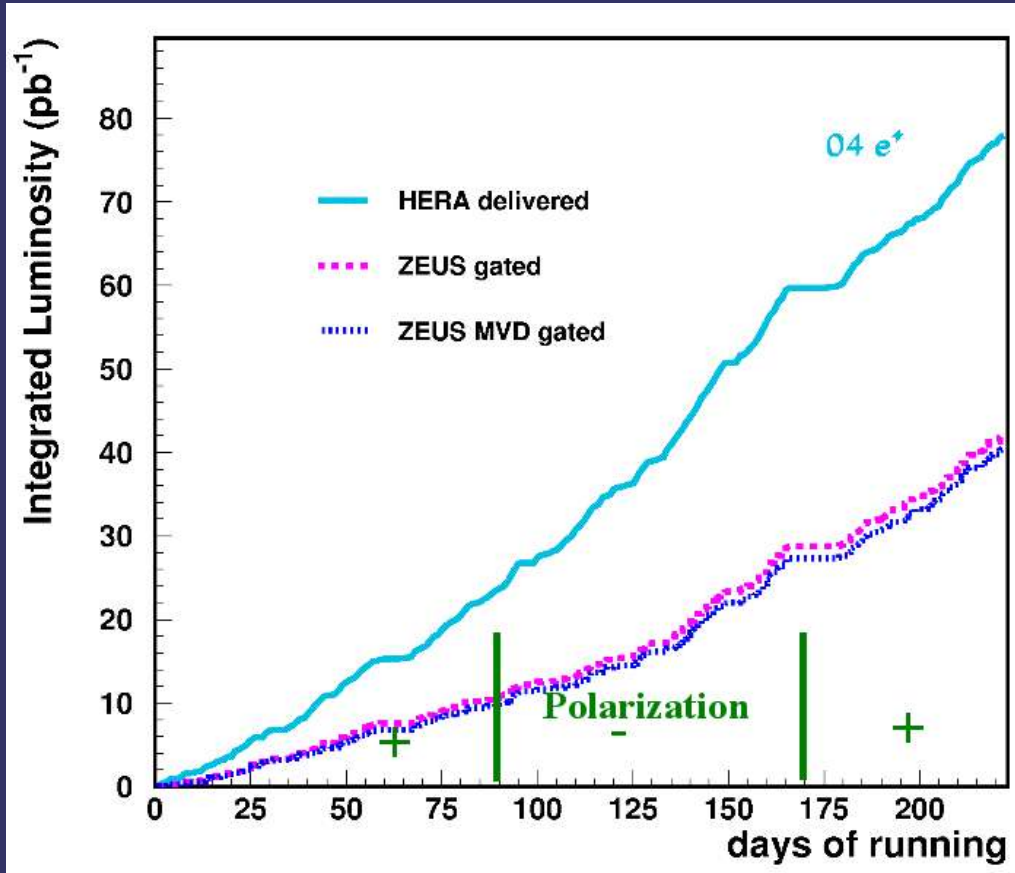
DESY PRC review (October 28, 2004)



- Data taking and running conditions
- Detector status
- Physics Highlights
- Summary



Data taking: 2003-2004

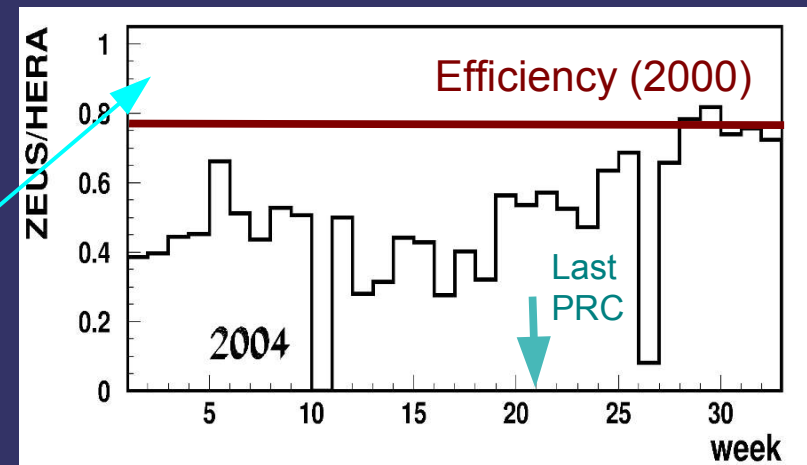
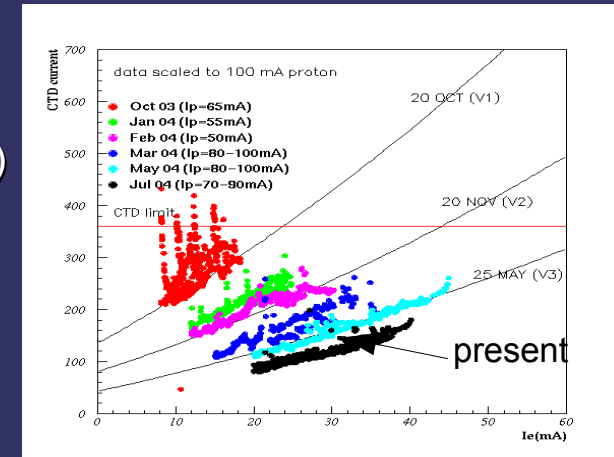


- Total gated: $\sim 45 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Gated/HERA delivered $\sim 54\%$
- Nearly all taken data can be used for physics
- All detectors are functional
 - Gated/MVD $> 95\%$
 - Gated/STT $> 95\%$

ZEUS data taking efficiency-I

- Significant improvements during July-August
- Efficiency went up since May due:
 - better beam conditions (better vacuum, less spikes)
 - improvements in DAQ/trigger
- Remaining inefficiency:
 - ~10% - HERA initial luminosity tuning
 - ~5-8% - HV trips in central tracking (CTD)
 - ~5-8% - DAQ problems
- Room for further improvements:
 - speed up run starts
 - reduce DAQ problems
 - reduce sensitivity to CTD HV trips

ZEUS real efficiency 80-90%

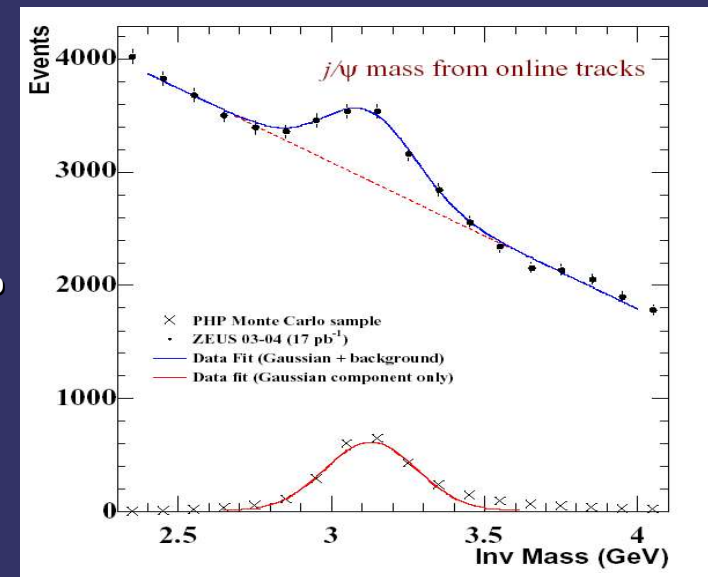


ZEUS data taking efficiency-II

- Typical trigger dead time was 5-10% in May (at last PRC):
 - ♦ removing very busy events due to beam gas collisions from the trigger chain
 - ♦ biggest improvement - regenerated pumps in June
 - ✓ vacuum was improved at least by a factor two

Current trigger dead time ~ 1-2% up to $I_e \sim 50$ mA & $I_p \sim 100$ mA

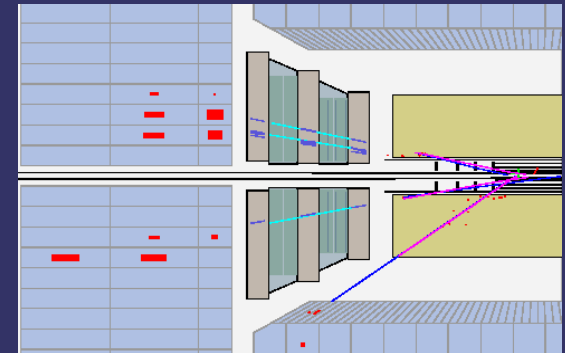
- Commissioning of Global Tracking Trigger (GTT) at second-level trigger finished:
 - ♦ includes information from CTD, STT & MVD:
 - ✓ better beam gas rejection and physics filters
 - ✓ extend to forward region
 - ✓ improve vertex resolution
 - ✓ potentially can reduce trigger rates by ~15-30%
 - ♦ some physics filters already use the GTT
 - ✓ allows heavy-flavor tagging on-line in the SLT
 - ♦ full operation for e^- running



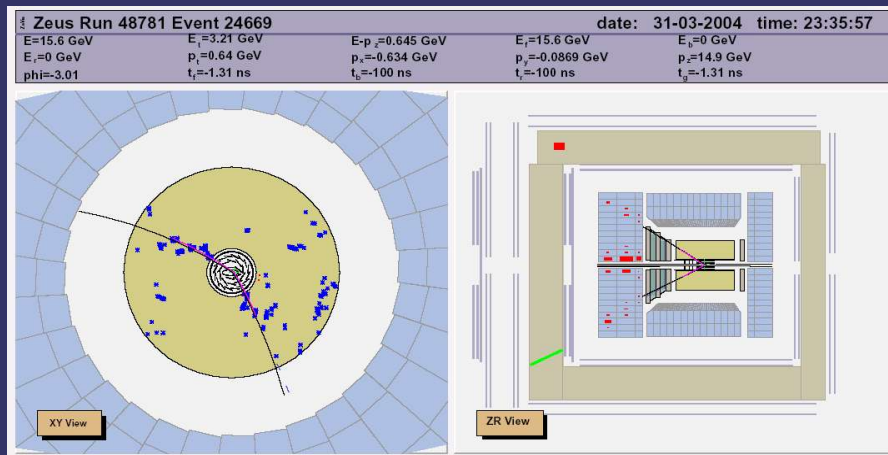
2003/2004 data taking

New components:

- Silicon Micro-Vertex-Detector (MVD)
- New forward tracking with STT
- New tracking trigger



Beauty candidate:
2 jets + 2 muons

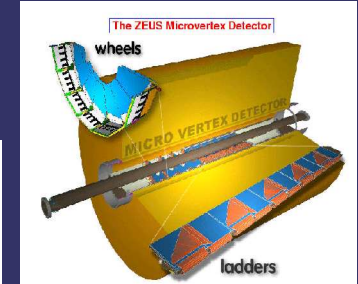
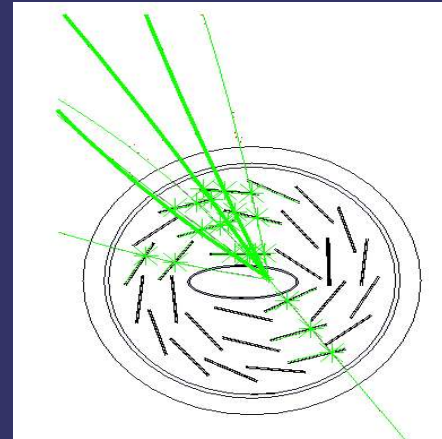


J/Psi candidate

New data are already an important part of ongoing physics program (see ICHEP04)
→ will be discussed in context of particular physics topic

Status of MVD & Luminosity monitors

- 47 M events collected with MVD
 - No big radiation dose during May-August
 - Detector is in good shape
 - Reliable detector operation
- see physics results later

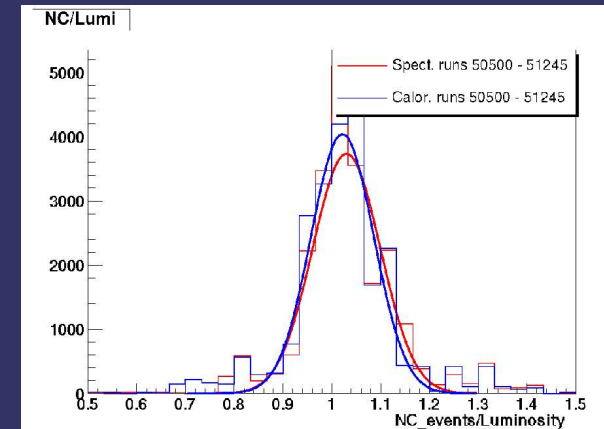


Lumi spectrometer

- Shielding upgrade + new set of radiation monitors

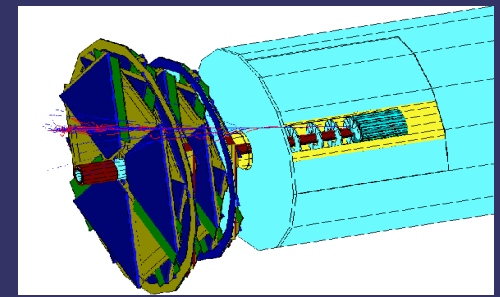
Lumi calorimeter

- Good agreement with Lumi spectrometer



NC DIS($Q^2 > 200$) / Lumi (nb-1)

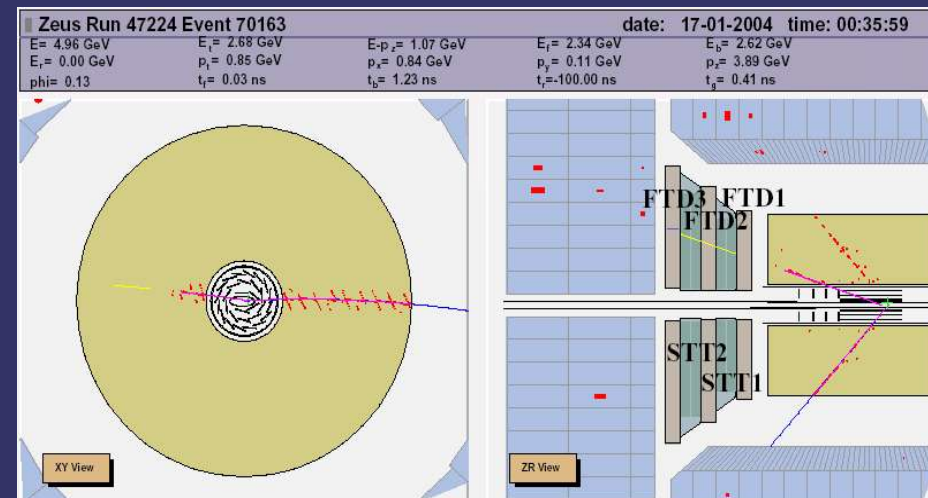
Taking data with STT



- STT built to improve reliability and efficiency of tracking in forward direction
- STT/FRTD running at nominal HV during 2004 > 95% efficiency
- Angular coverage matches well with MVD and starts ($\theta < 23^\circ$) where CTD has low acceptance
- MVD/STT matching is in progress
 - ✓ With event vertex one can reach about 10% accuracy for 1-5 GeV
- STT was incorporated into GTT & TLT (software and hardware are ready)

Good STT-CTD-MVD matching:

90-95% efficiency for isolated tracks



Results of HERA shutdown (Aug-Sep)

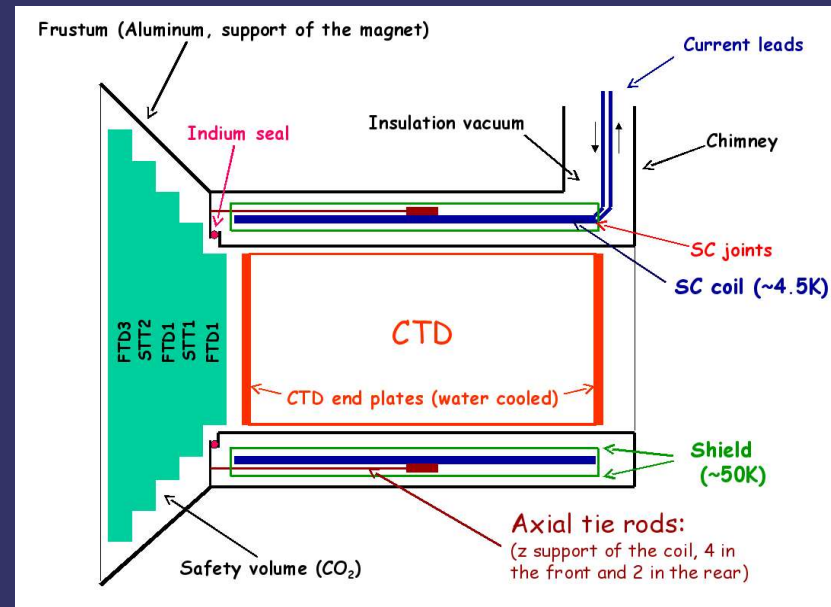
- General and preventive maintenance and detector repairs
- Calorimeter:
 - ◆ smallest number of UCAL bad channels for the last 6 years
- Lumi detectors:
 - ◆ Spectrometer: additional shielding against synchrotron radiation
 - ◆ Calorimeter: some electronics has been repaired
- Feedbox/Solenoid: monitoring was improved
- DAQ and trigger improvements

ZEUS is ready for data taking

Magnet heating by STT

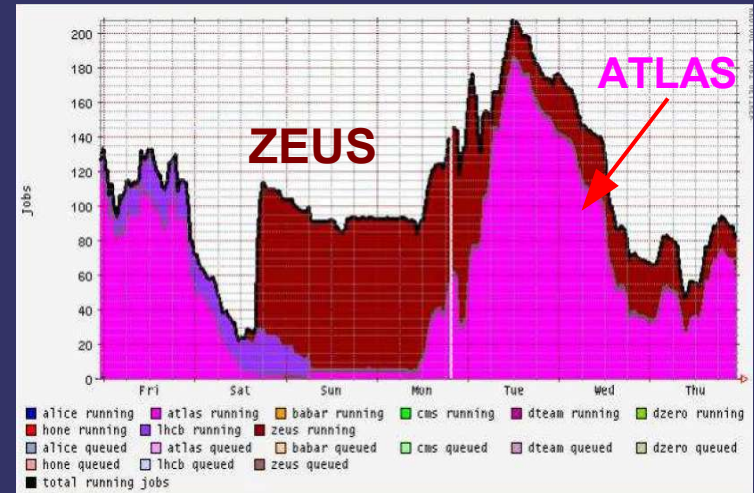
It was found that:

- STT electronics has insufficient cooling
- Operation of STT electronics can lead to temporary leaks in solenoid insulation vacuum
- A serious solenoid failure cannot be repaired in a short time
- STT stays off for now
- Investigations are on-going



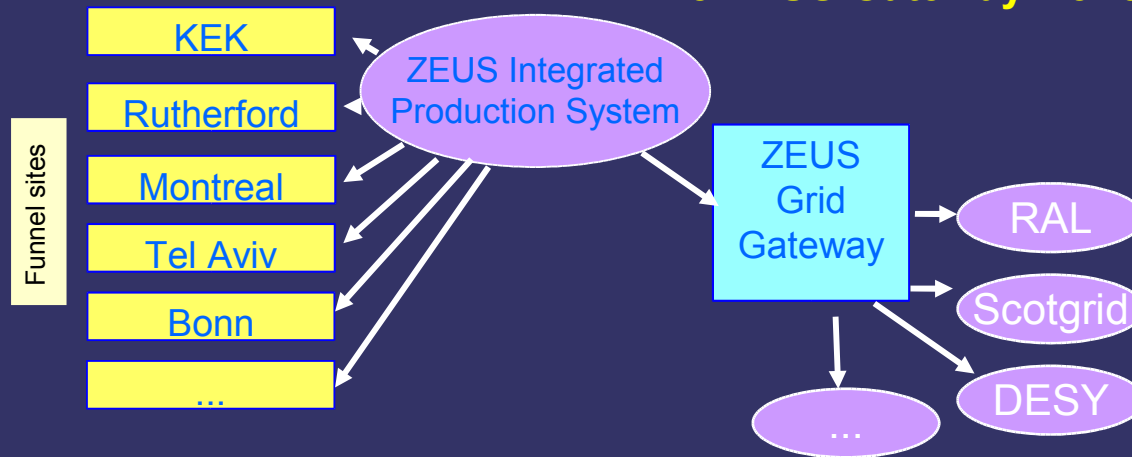
ZEUS Grid

- HERA-II data rates create strong increase of MC production demand
 - Need access to grid resources
 - At the same time, **keep the “traditional” production sites** (funnel)
- 0.6 M events already produced - samples pass standard DQM & are in use for physics analysis
- Transparent integration of traditional production system & grid



Jobs per VO (snapshot at RAL)

The ZEUS Gateway Concept

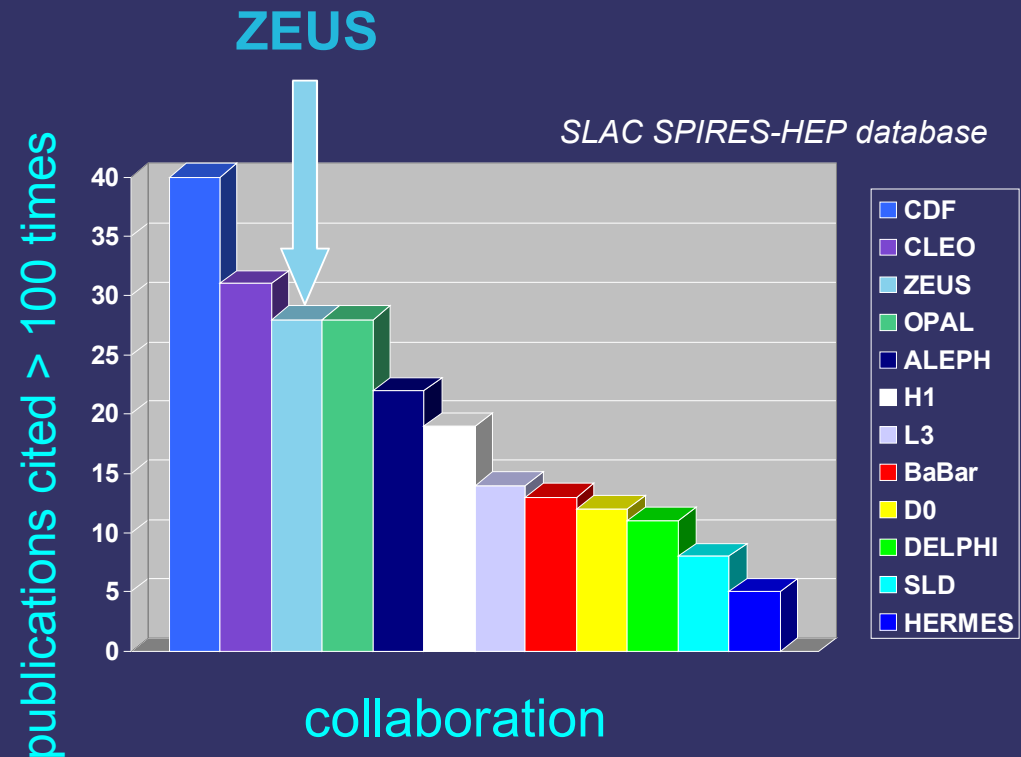


Physics output

45 papers submitted to ICHEP04

27 papers – new results

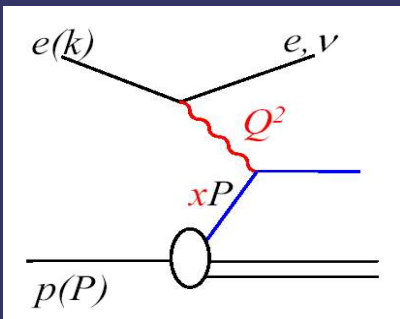
9 papers finished in 2004



ZEUS papers are among most cited in literature

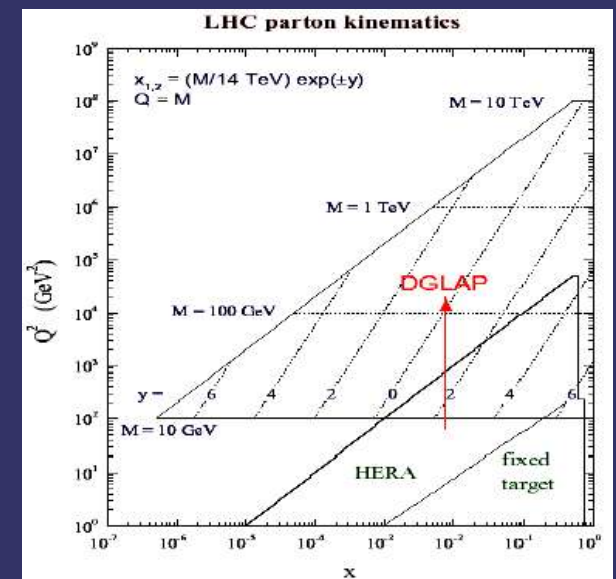
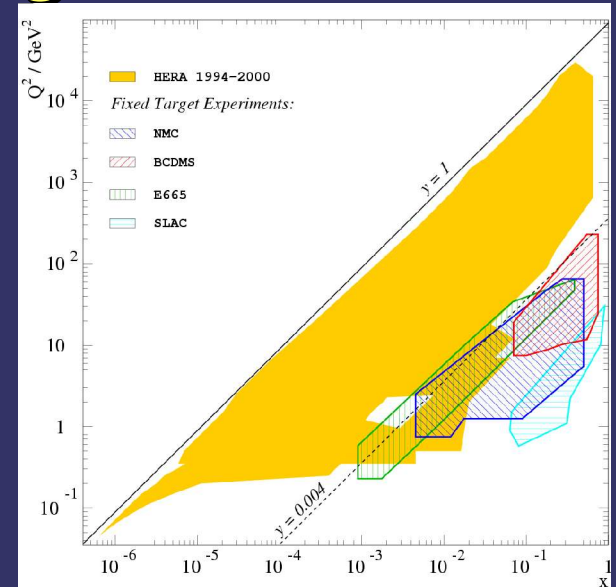
ZEUS physics program

- Proton structure, PDF
- Electroweak unification
- Jet production - QCD
 - ♦ α_s determination
 - ♦ photon structure
- Diffraction
- Heavy flavor physics (charm & beauty)
- Search for new physics
- Particle production
 - ♦ pentaquarks



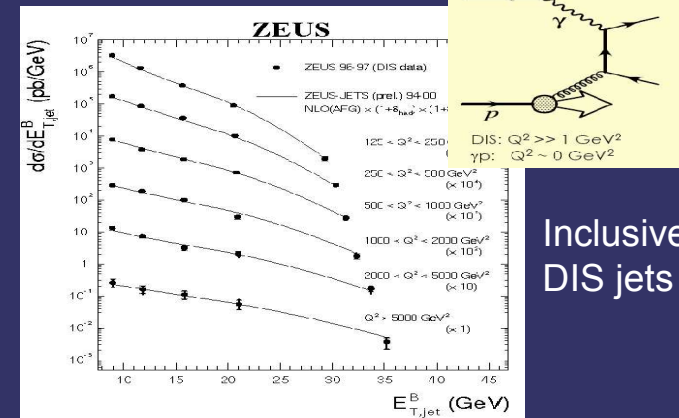
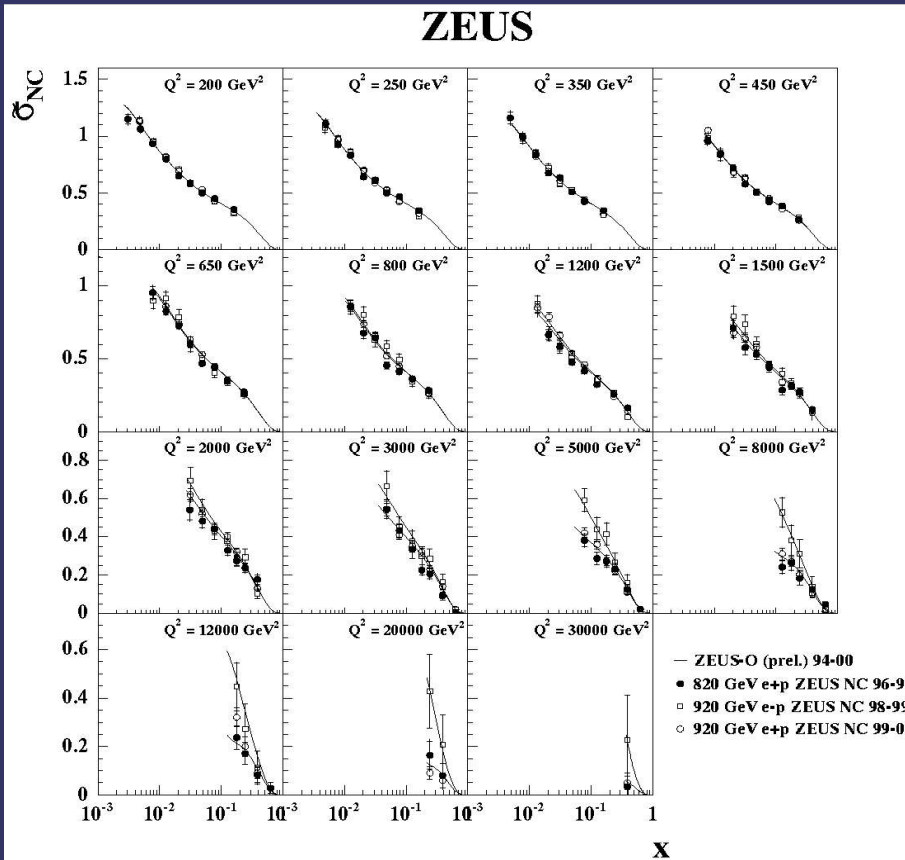
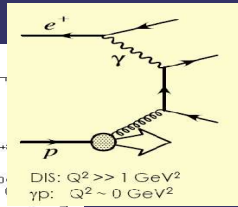
$Q^2 = -q^2$: 4-momentum transfer squared

x : fraction of proton momentum carried by quark

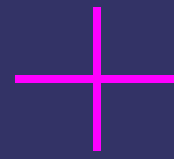


NLO QCD analysis and PDF

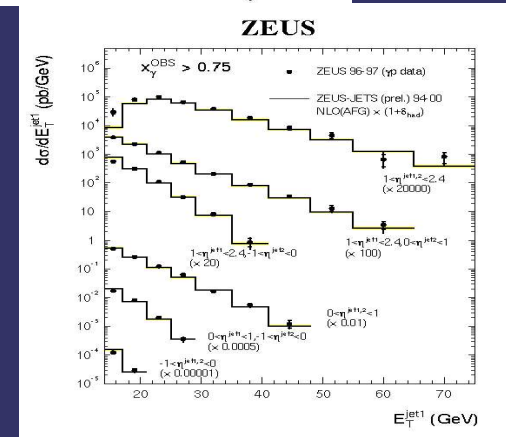
BGF process



Inclusive DIS jets



Dijets in PHP



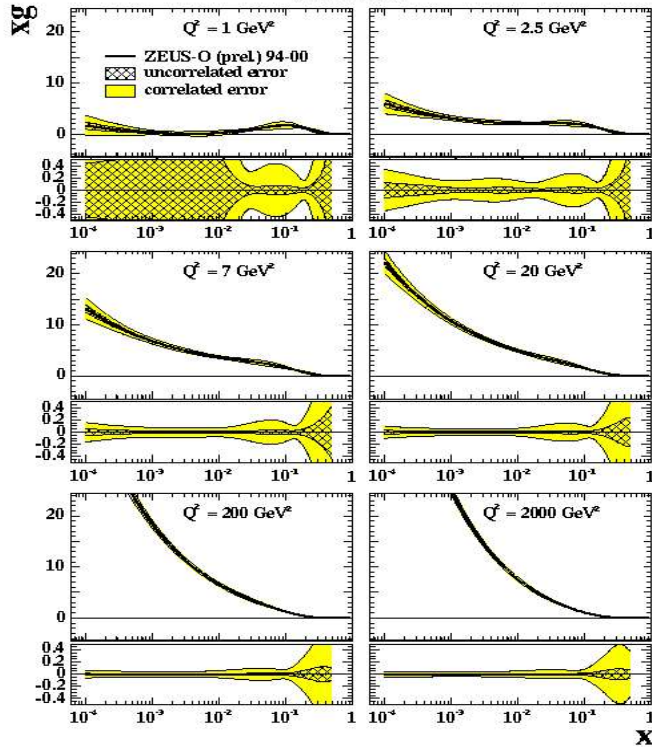
- ❑ HERA data at high x are still less precise than fixed-target experiments
- ❑ Fixed-target experiments suffer from systematic uncertainties and rigorous treatment of uncertainties is difficult
- ❑ Include jet observables measured at ZEUS
 - sensitive to gluon at $x \sim 0.01-0.1$ through BGF process

ZEUS jets QCD analysis

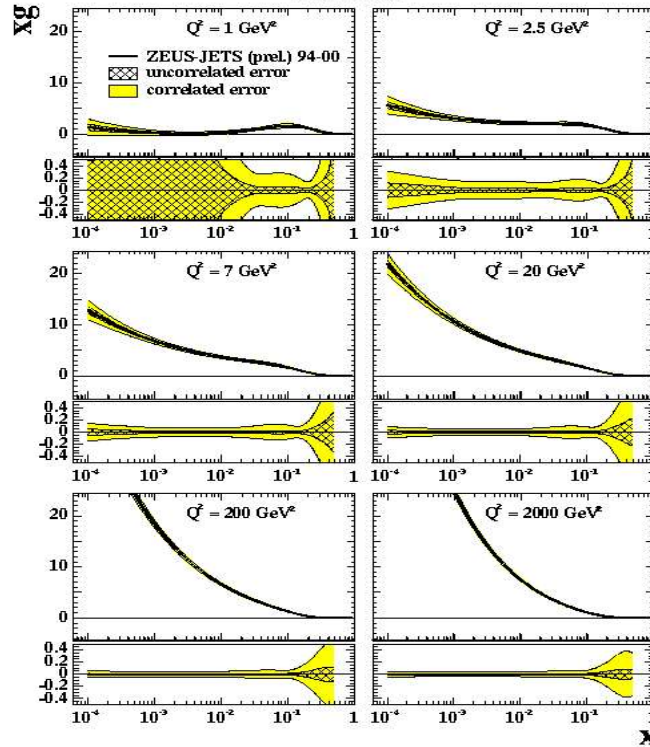
ZEUS only fit

ZEUS + JETS fits

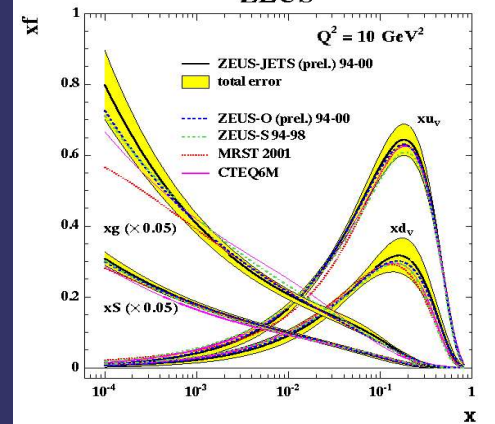
ZEUS



ZEUS

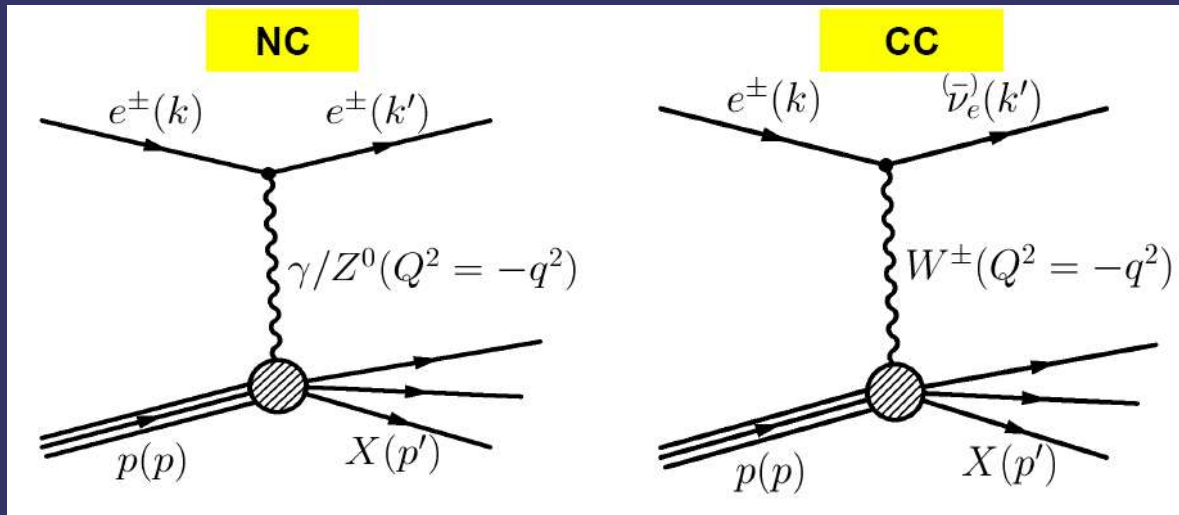


ZEUS



Improvement in determination of gluon densities at mid-to-high x
Rigorous treatment of uncertainties

DIS at HERA II: collisions with polarized leptons



NC DIS:

Z^0 couples differently to the left and right handed lepton

Contribution at high Q^2

(dependence of electroweak terms in the cross section)

CC DIS:

Linear dependence on polarization

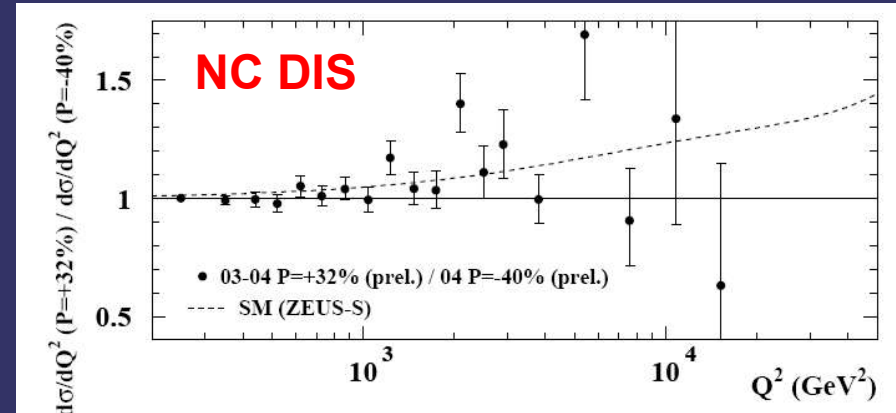
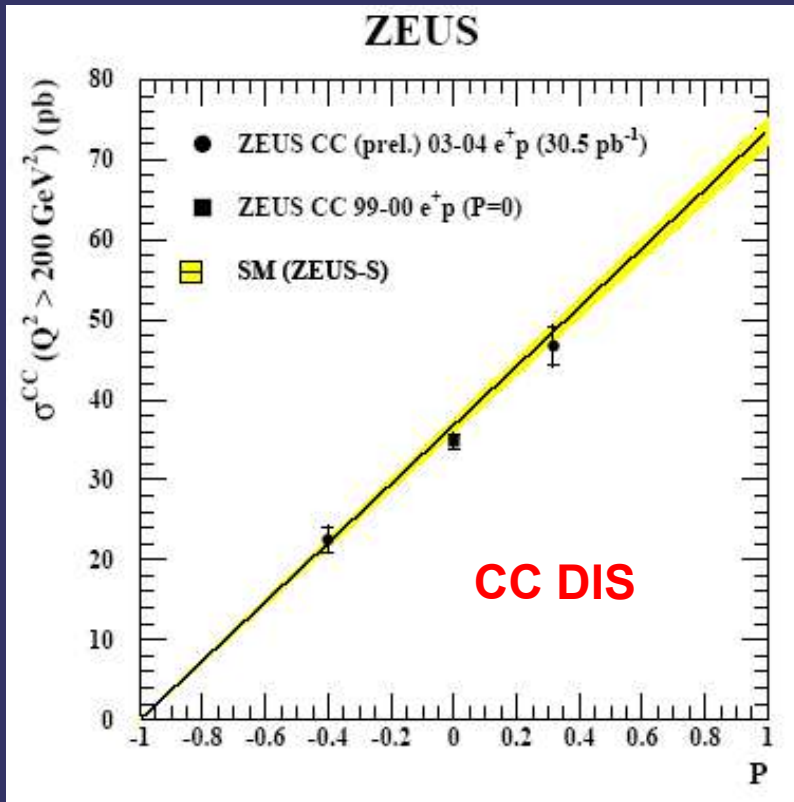
Contribution to all Q^2

$$\sigma_{CC}^{\pm}(P) = (1 \pm P)\sigma_{CC}^{\pm}(0)$$

HERA II data: 16.4 pb⁻¹ with P= -40.2%

14.1 pb⁻¹ with P= 31.8%

Results on polarization. HERAII data

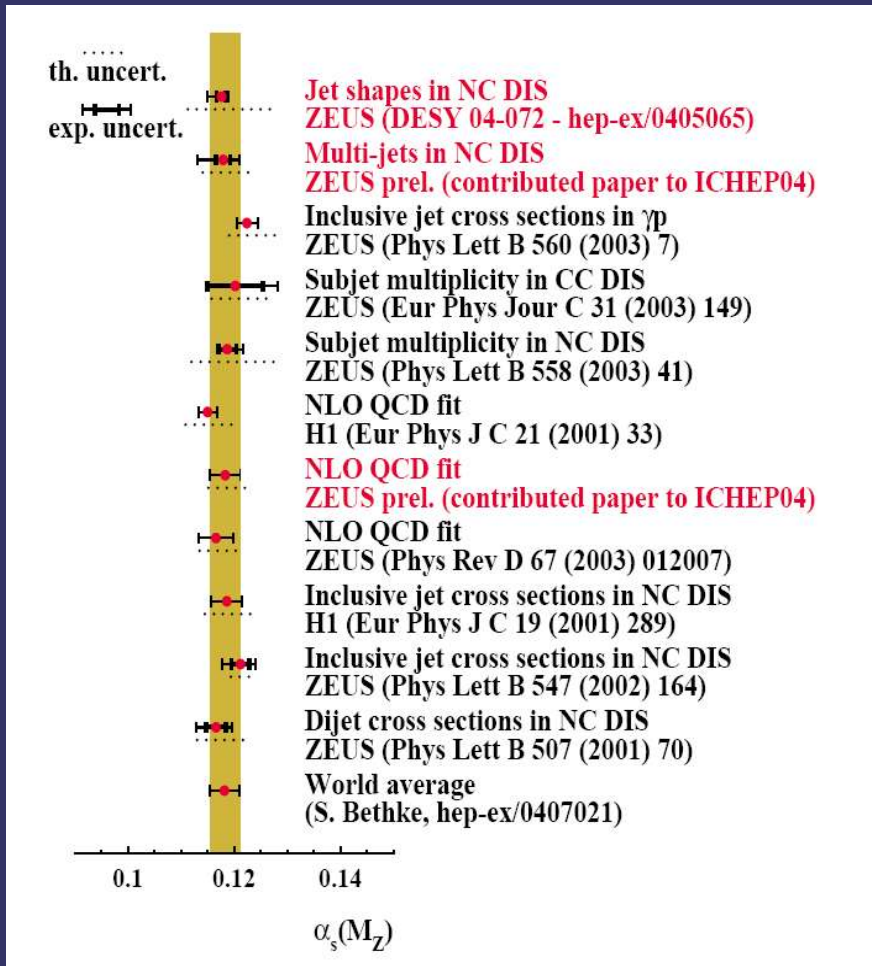


Polarization effect established in CC DIS

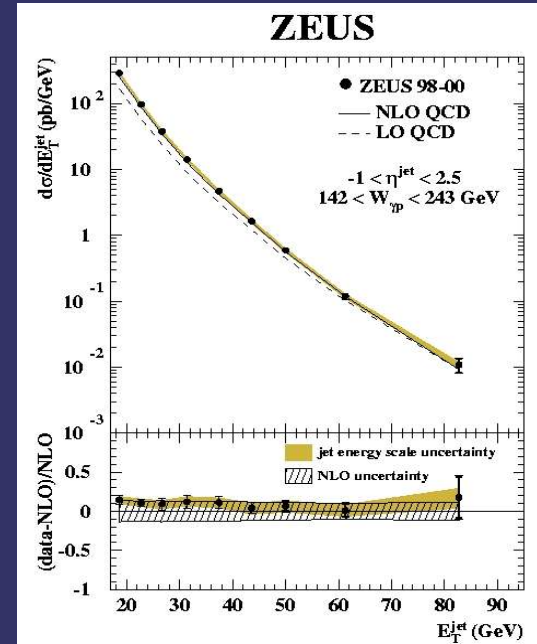
More data are needed for NC DIS

Agreement with the SM for both CC & NC DIS

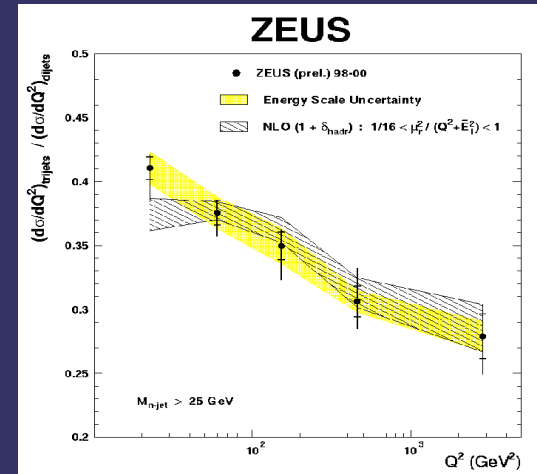
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$ determination



Most precise
measurement
from inclusive jets

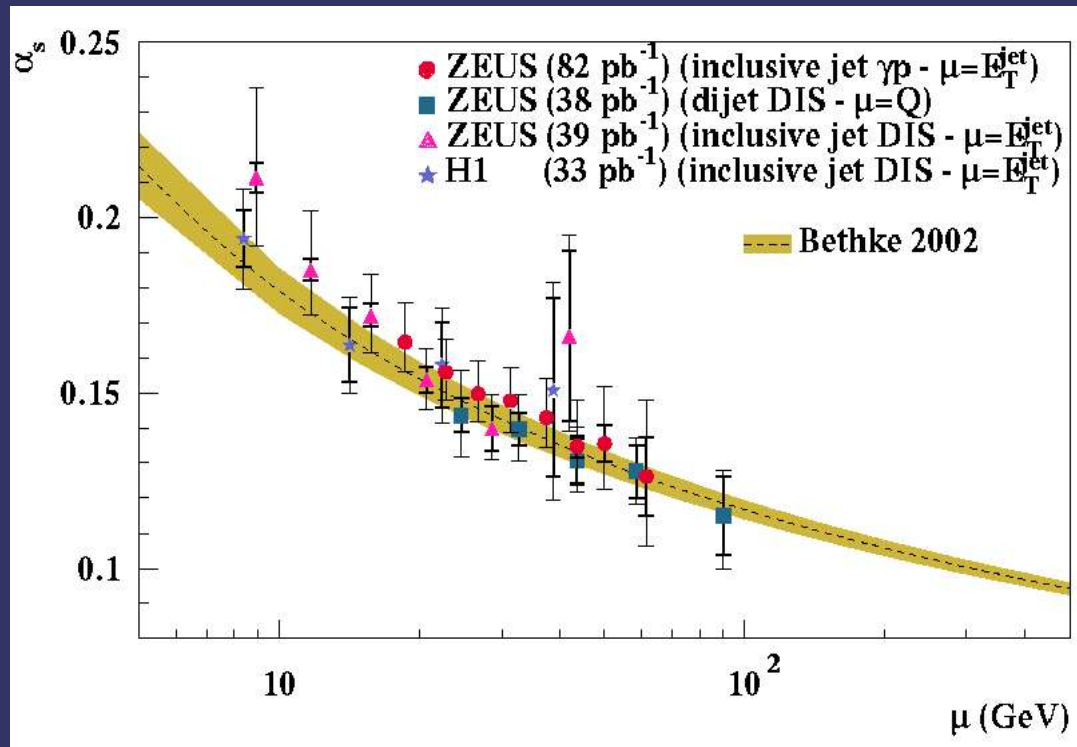


Most recent
measurement
from 3/2 jet ratio



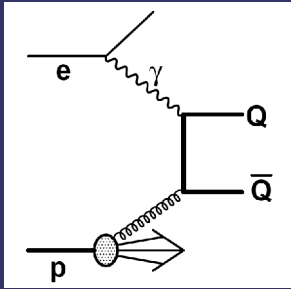
Competitive results
Theoretical uncertainties dominate
Influence on world average

Running α_s



- Covers significant range in energy scale
- Running of α_s in single experiment
- Theoretical uncertainties dominate - NNLO QCD is needed

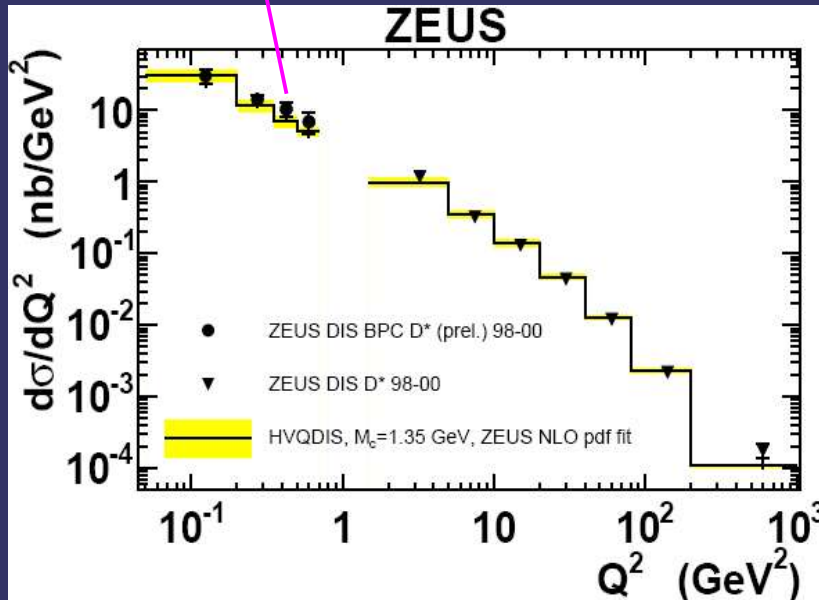
Charm production



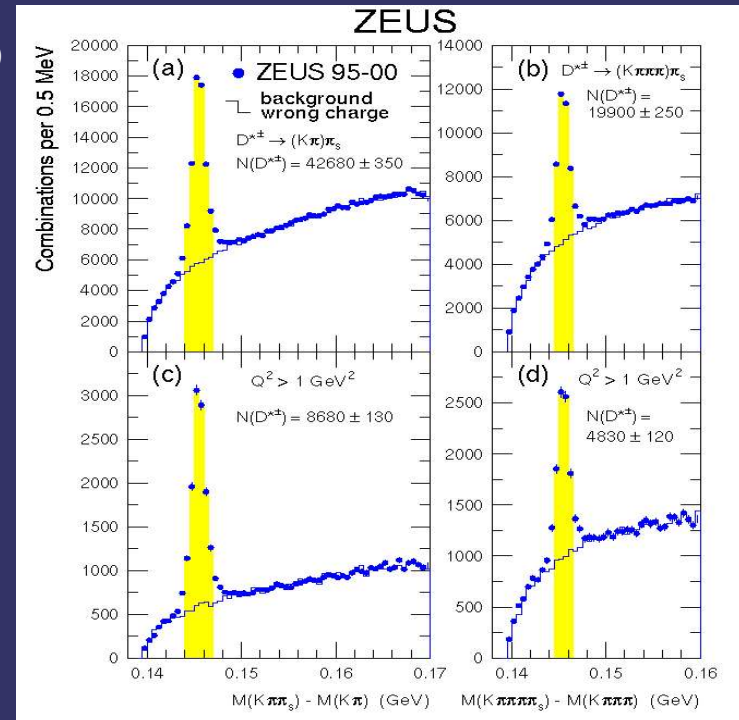
Charm production directly sensitive to gluon density in proton

Look at “golden” decay channel: $D^* \rightarrow D^0 \pi \rightarrow K \pi \pi$

Low Q^2 with BPC



Agreement with NLO QCD for four decades in Q^2



Increase of statistics for heavy-flavor analyses relies on :

- extending the track acceptance to lower angles (MVD/STT)
- tagging with MVD

Charm studies using HERA II data

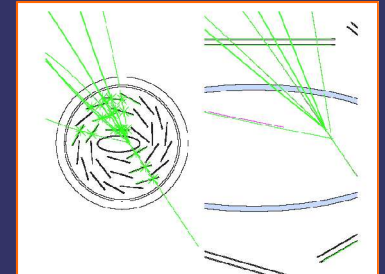
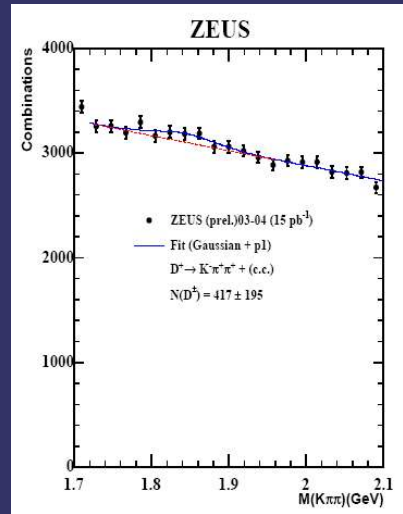
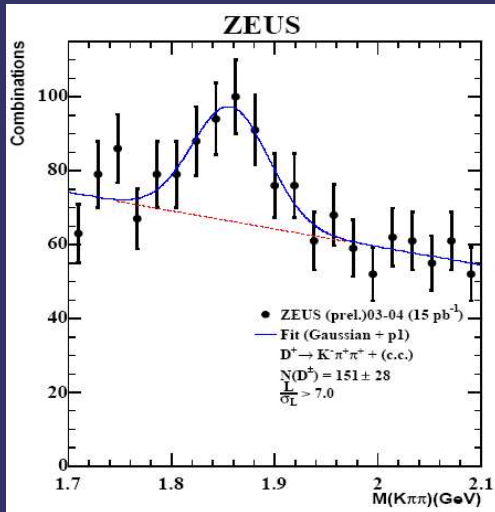
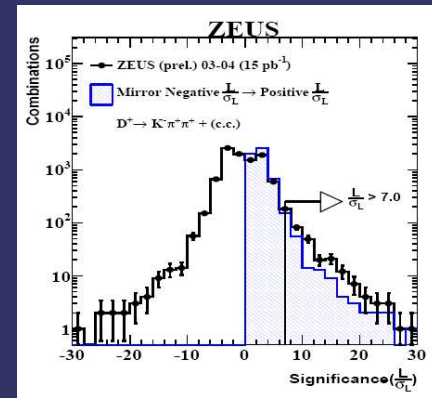
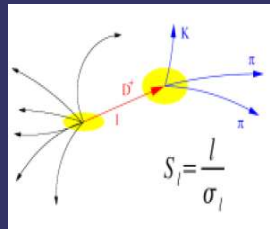


The Silicon Microvertex Detector for ZEUS Experiment

Charm tagging using decay length

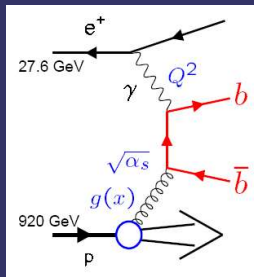
Use MVD detector

Decay length significance $S_l = l/\sigma_l$

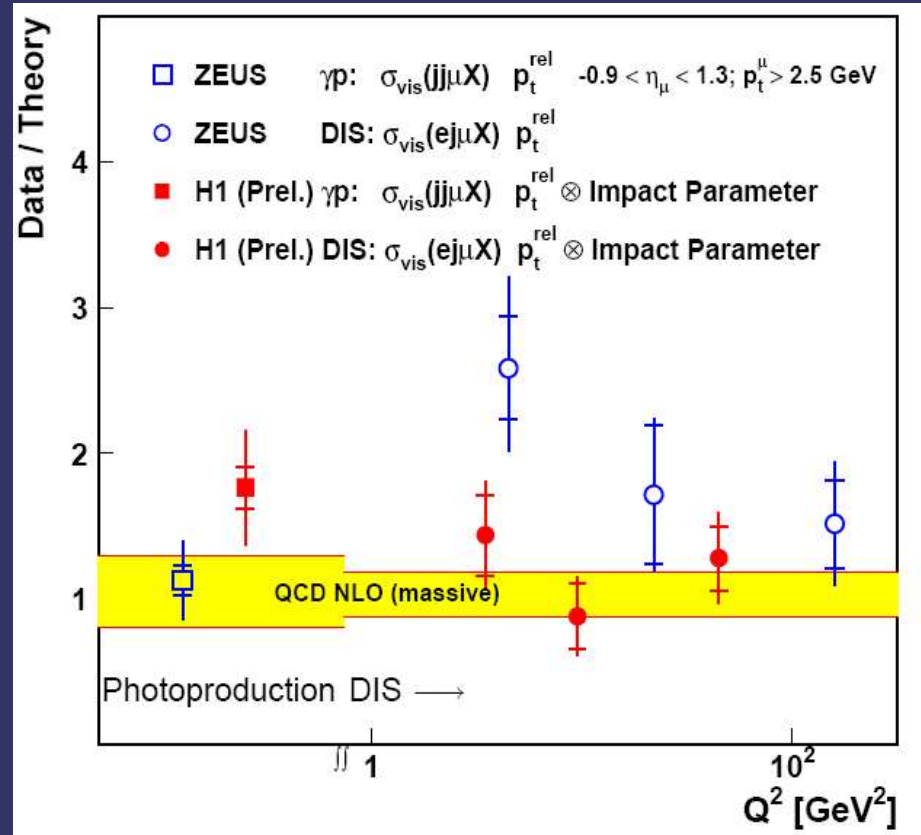


First look at HERA II data shows that lifetime tagging with MVD works as expected
Large potential for the future

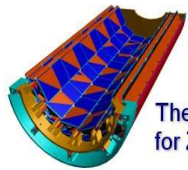
Beauty production



- Driven by gluons
- QCD calculations:
 - γp : FMNR (Frixione et al.)
 - DIS: HVQDIS (Harris, Smith)
- Multi-scale problem
 - $m_b \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$
 - hard scale ensures reliable QCD calculations
 - Q^2 (DIS)
 - P_T^b (PHP, DIS)



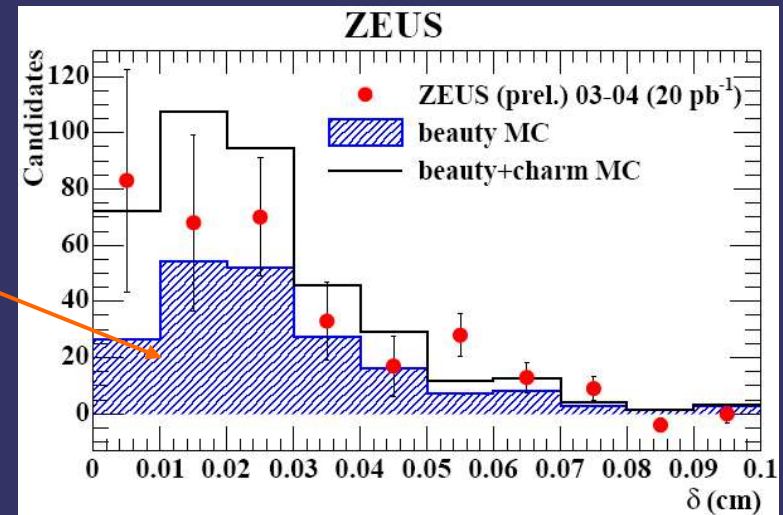
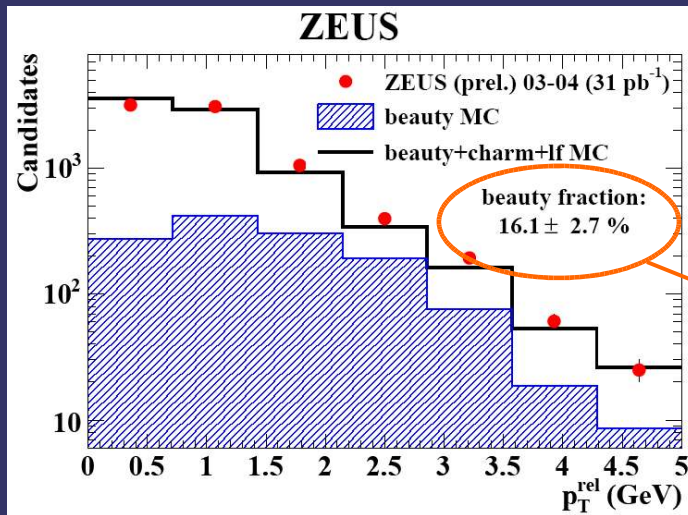
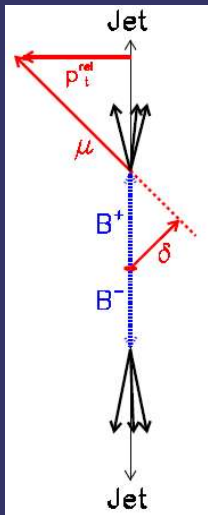
Data somewhat above massive NLO QCD



The Silicon Microvertex Detector for ZEUS Experiment

Beauty studies using HERA II data

- large mass leads to large p_t^{rel} of μ relative to jet axis
- large B-lifetime: use μ impact parameter δ from MVD

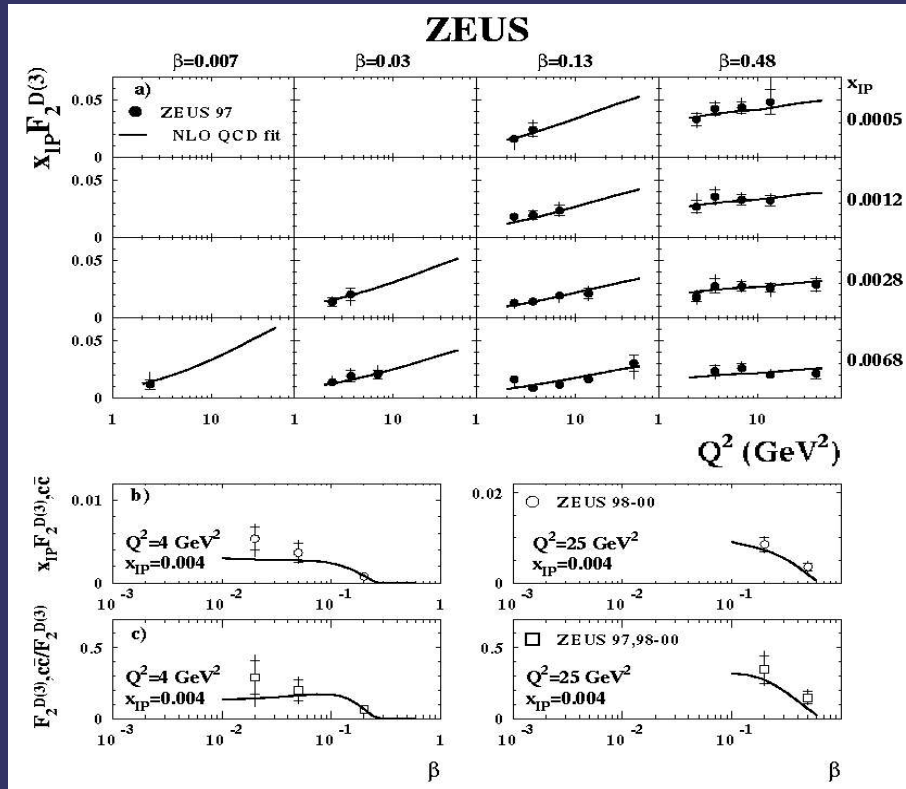
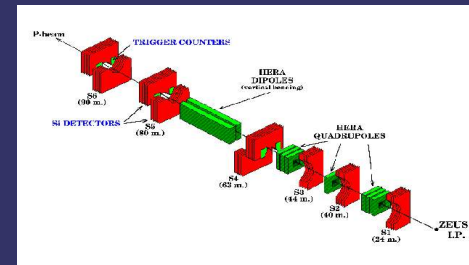
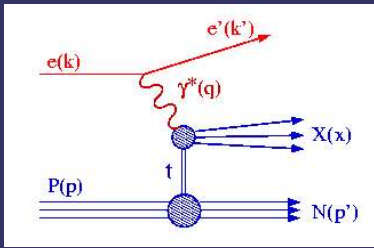


A beauty fraction $16.1 \pm 2.7\%$ extracted using p_t^{rel} method

Gives consistent result with the impact-parameter method

Large potential for the future

Inclusive diffraction with LPS and charm data



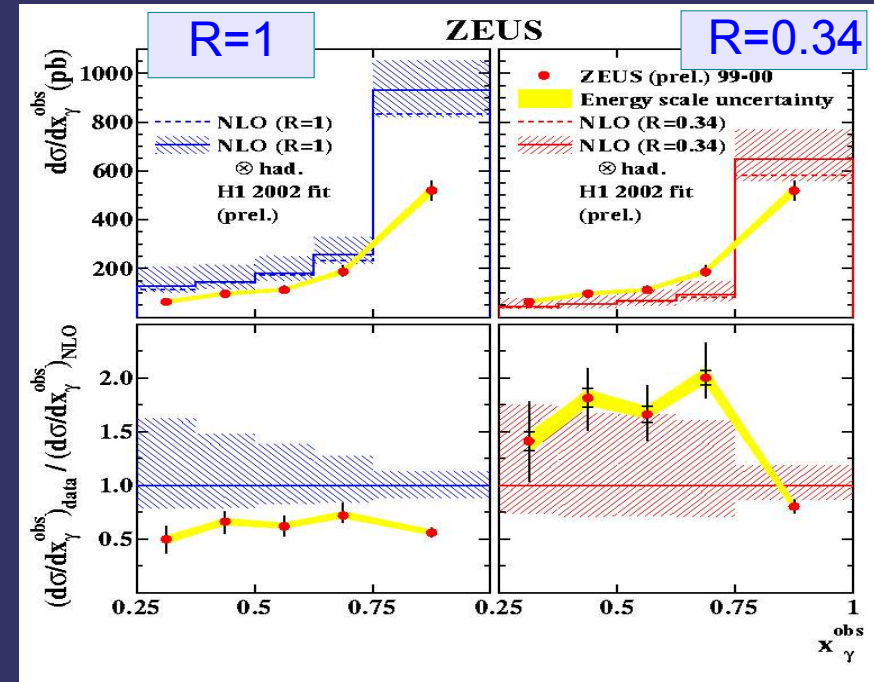
- Proton-tagging method with LPS
 - $x_L > 0.9$
 - $x_{IP} < 0.06$
 - high M_x accessible (up to 40 GeV!)

- NLO QCD fits include LPS & charm data

- Good description by the NLO QCD fit
- Fraction of t-channel momentum carried by gluons $\sim 82\%$ at initial scale ($Q^2=2 \text{ GeV}^2$)

Diffraction dijet photoproduction

- QCD factorization:
 - ◆ central problem of hard diffraction
- Does not hold in pp
- CDF measurement is by factor 10 lower than NLO based on H1 diffractive PDF
 - ◆ need a suppression factor
- resolved contribution in diffractive photoproduction may require a similar correction (factorization breaking?)



LRG $3 < \eta < 5$ (FPC region)

Comparisons with M.Klasen & G.Kramer

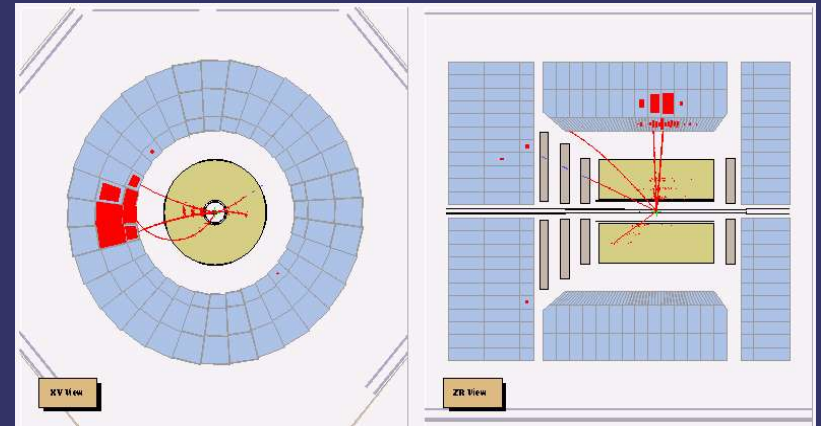
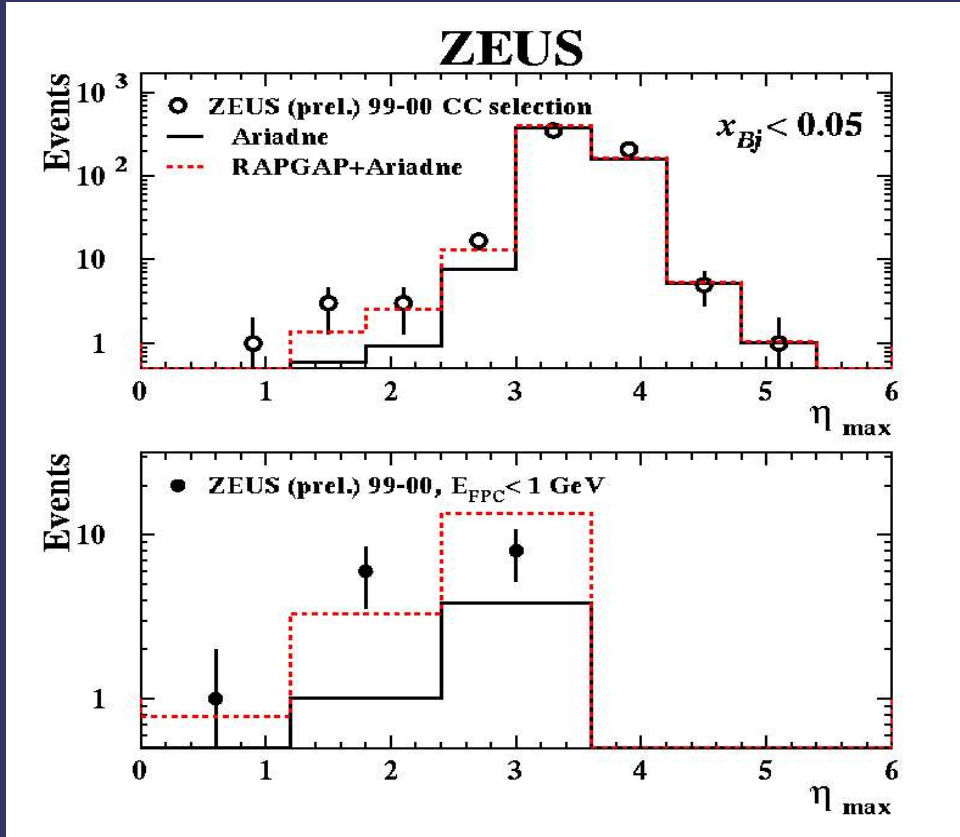
$$x_{\gamma}^{\text{OBS}} = \frac{\sum_{jets} E_T^{jet} e^{-\eta^{jet}}}{2yE_e}$$

$x_{\gamma}^{\text{OBS}} < 0.75 \rightarrow$ “Resolved Enhanced”
 $x_{\gamma}^{\text{OBS}} > 0.75 \rightarrow$ “Direct Enhanced”

- 30-fold increase in luminosity compared to previous ZEUS analysis
- Global suppression is more likely than a resolved photon suppression (see shapes)

Diffraction in CC DIS

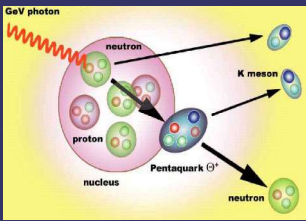
Diffraction events - significant component of NC DIS
 What about CC DIS - $e^+p \rightarrow \nu W^+ \rightarrow \nu X$?



For $Q^2 > 200 \text{ GeV}^2$, $\eta_{max} < 2.9$, $x_{IP} < 0.05$:
 using 99-00 data:

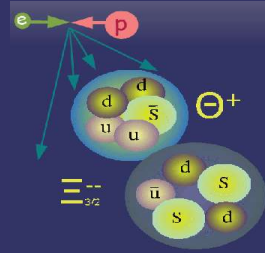
9 events with LRG
 $\sigma = 0.49 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.8 \text{ (sys.) pb}$
 agrees with RAPGAP CC (color singlet exchange between W^+ and proton)

$$\sigma^{diff}(e^+p \rightarrow \nu X p) / \sigma^{tot}(e^+p \rightarrow \nu X) = 2.9 \pm 1.2(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.8(\text{syst.}) \%$$



Pentaquarks

renaissance of hadron spectroscopy?

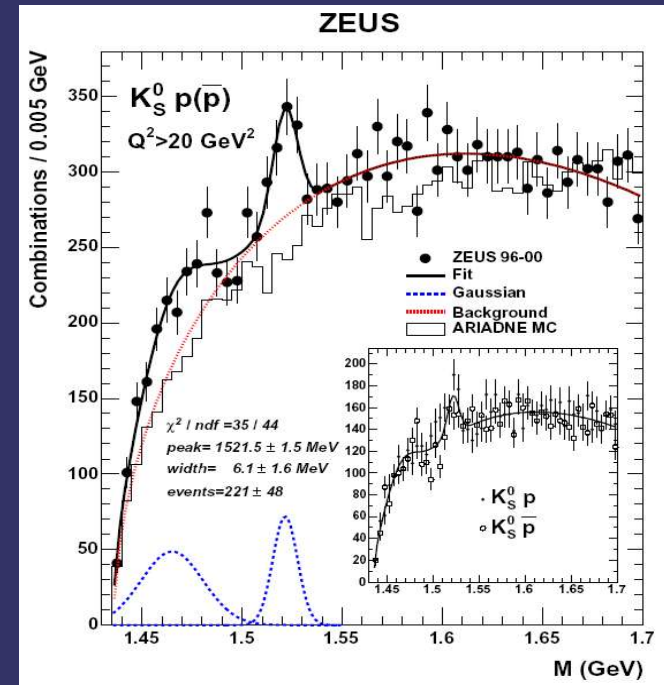
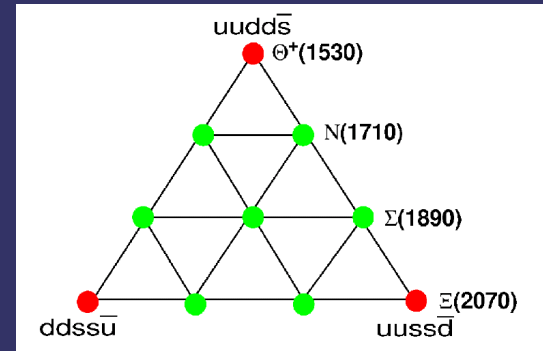


Constituent Quark model:

mesons $q\bar{q}$ baryons qqq

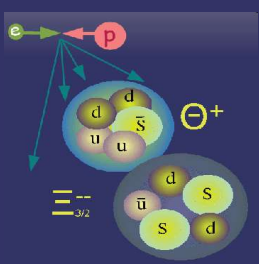
Does not predict more complicated states (but can accommodate them)

A number of fixed-target experiments observed a narrow baryonic state at 1530 MeV consistent with pentaquark predictions (Diakonov, Petrov, Polyakov)



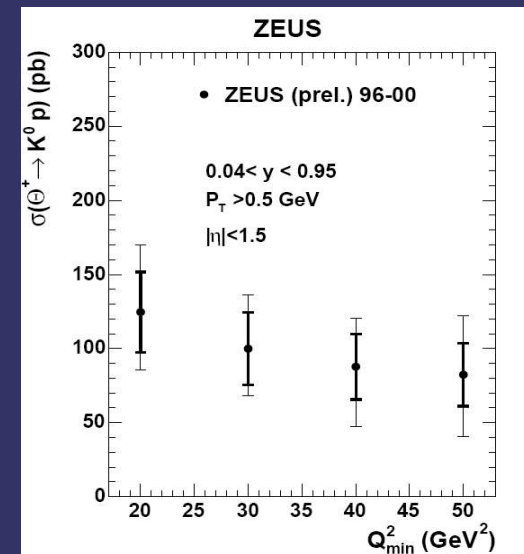
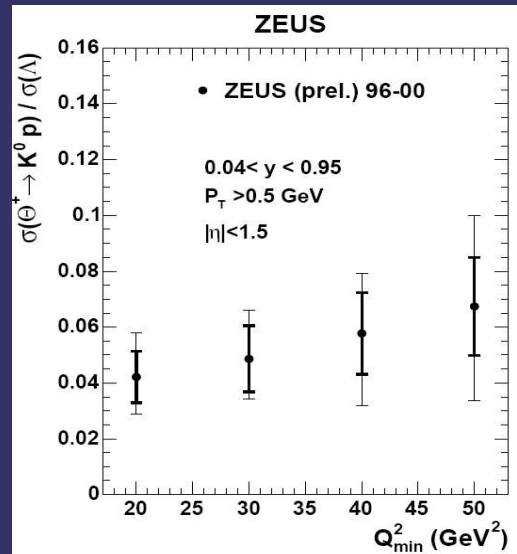
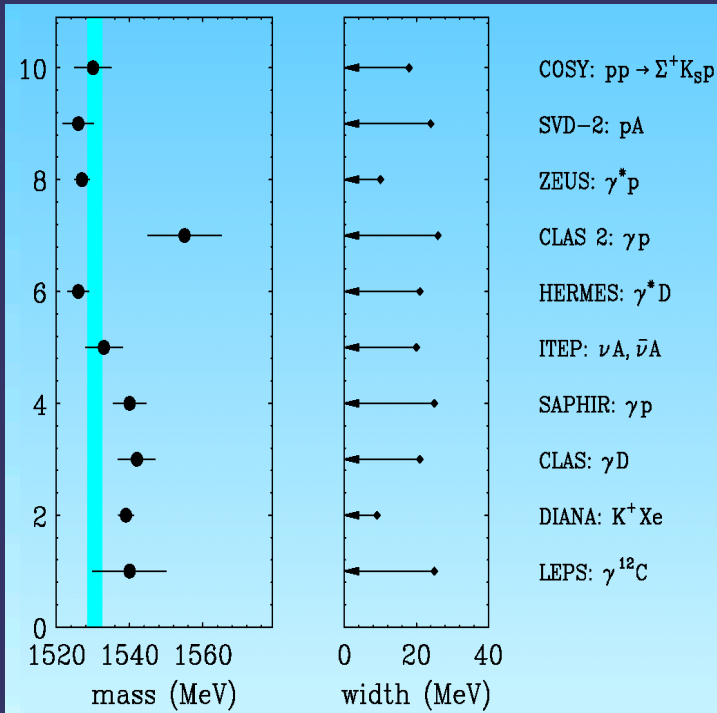
First evidence of θ^+ :

- in HEP colliding experiment
- for antipentaquark



ZEUS measurement of θ^+

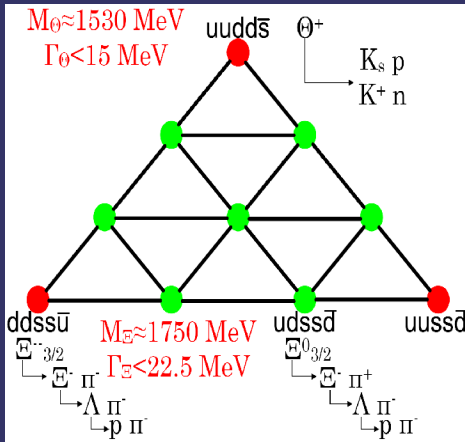
summary of θ^+ measurements



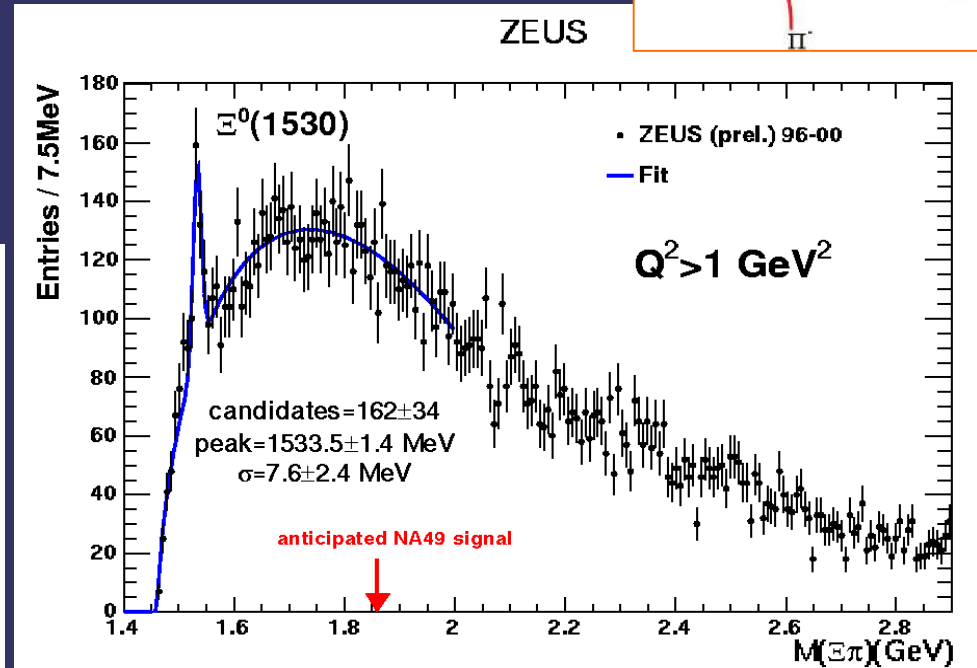
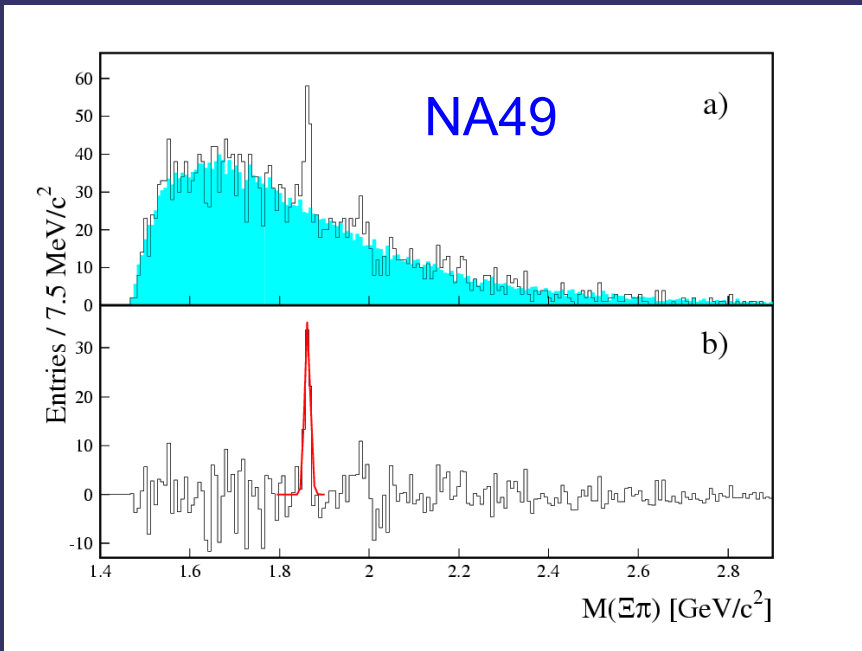
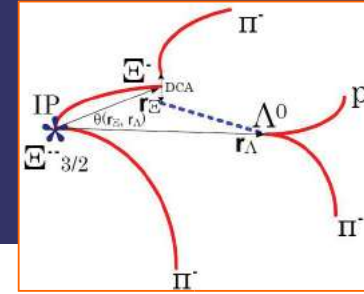
$$\frac{\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\theta^+ X \rightarrow eK^0 pX)}{\sigma(ep \rightarrow e\Lambda X)} = 4.2 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})_{-0.9}^{+1.2}(\text{syst})\%$$

- One of the most precise measurements
- Significant impact on the world average $m = 1530 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$
- First cross sections in DIS

Search for heavy strange pentaquarks



NA49 observes $\Xi_{3/2}^-$ and $\Xi_{3/2}^0$ pentaquark states with mass 1862 MeV

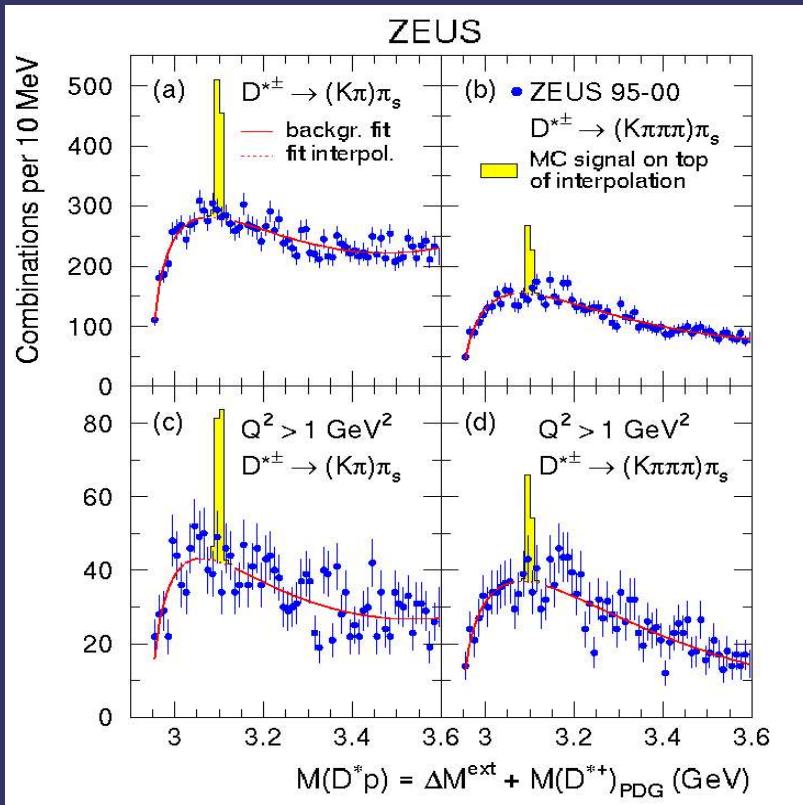


Clean PDG $\Xi^0(1530)$ signal
ZEUS does not observe the signal reported by NA49

Search for charm pentaquarks

If $\theta^+ = uud\bar{s}$ exists, then $\theta_c^0 = uud\bar{c}$ can also exist
 H1 reported a narrow signal at 3099 MeV (Phys. Lett. B588 (2004) 17)

final paper from this summer



H1 reports in their measured kinematic region (DIS):

$$R = N(\theta_c \rightarrow D^* p / D^*) \approx 1\%$$

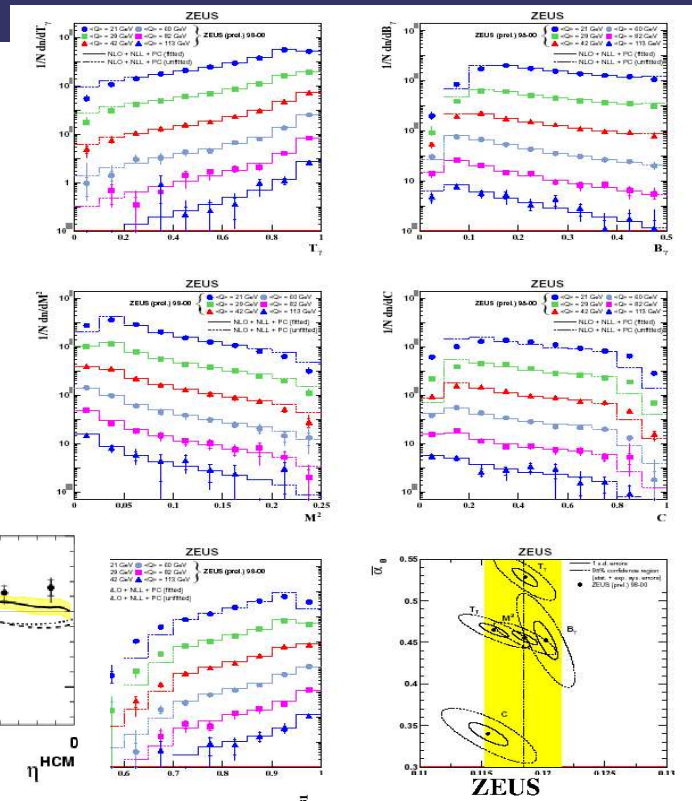
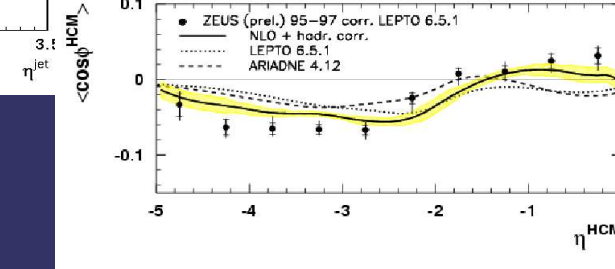
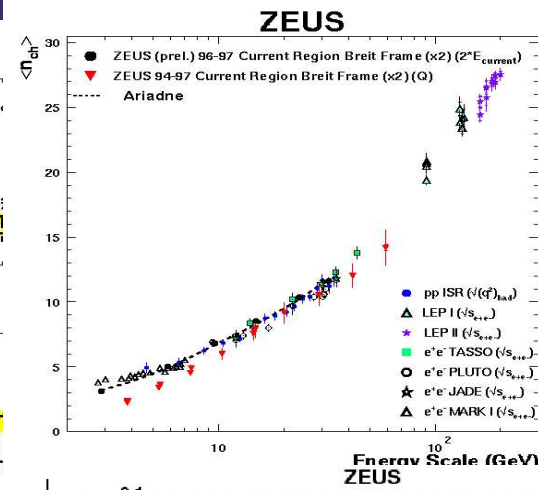
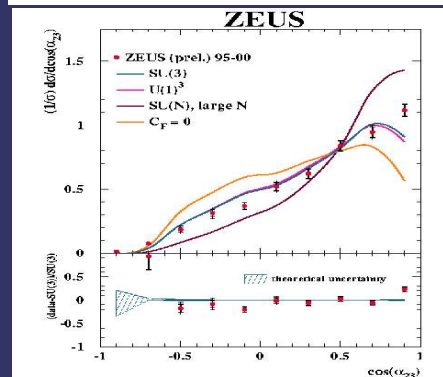
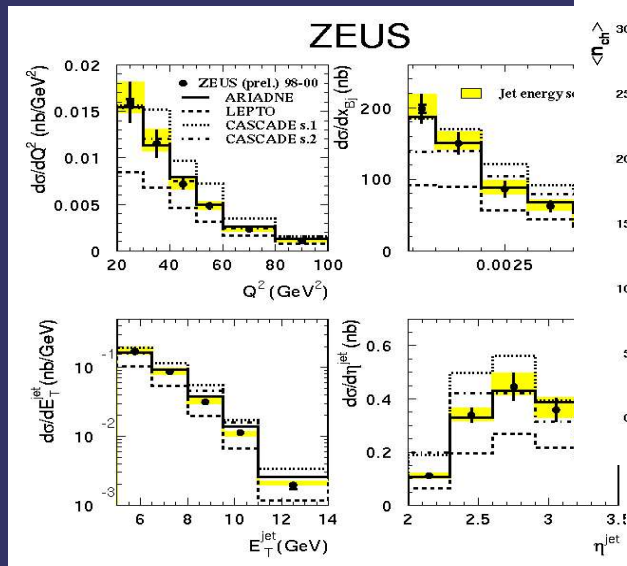
(consistent with photoproduction data)

ZEUS excludes this fraction using larger D^* data sample:

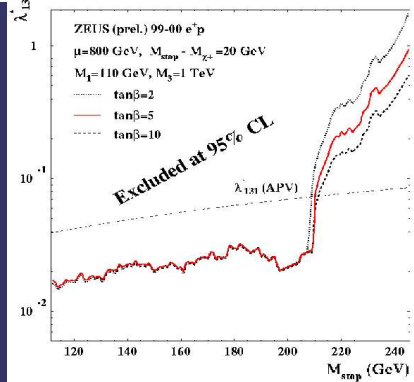
- at 9σ in DIS and photoproduction
- at 5σ in DIS ($Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$)

ZEUS data is in contradiction with H1 report

Many new results for ICHEP04



BFKL studies
 Azimuthal asymmetry
 Event shapes
 Color dynamics
 Multiplicity measurements
 A search for stop production



Summary

- Significant improvement in ZEUS data taking efficiency
- Data taken using new detectors:
 - ◆ MVD & STT
 - ◆ GTT at second-level trigger
- ZEUS detector is in good shape. STT problem is under investigation
- Only small fraction of results made public since May 2004 were shown
 - ◆ HERA II data are presented at ICHEP04
- Looking forward to more data