

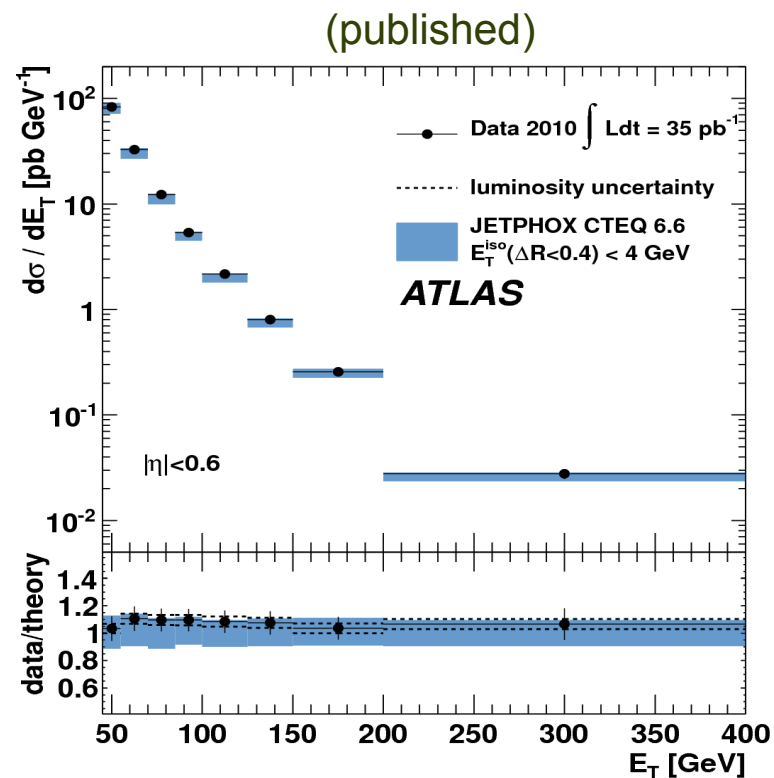
# ATLAS data analysis at ANL

S.Chekanov



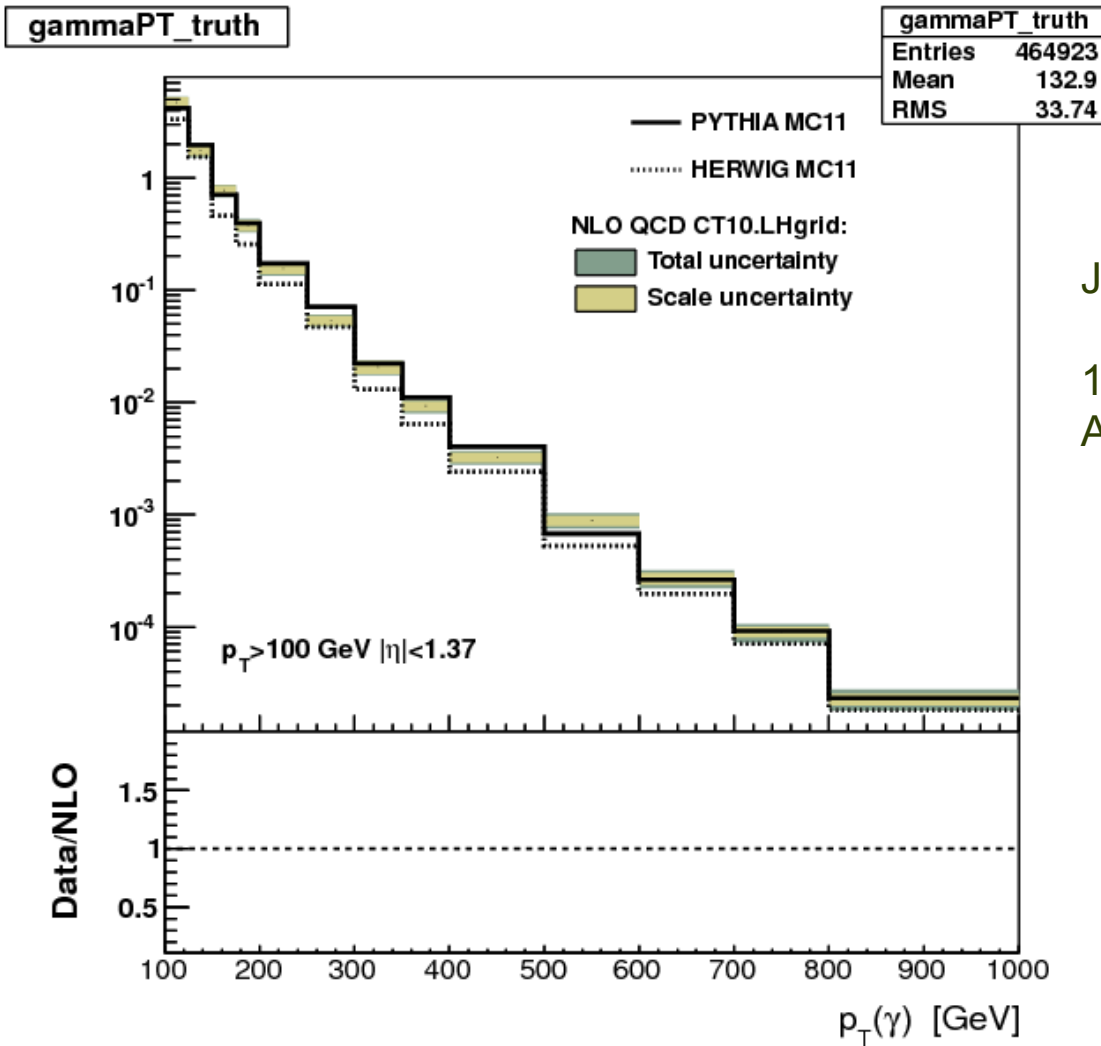
# Direct photons (B.Blair, S.C, S.Norberg)

- extension of the published 2010 results
  - now using  $\sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $p_T(\text{gamma})$  range: 100 GeV -1 TeV
- Expected stat. uncertainty:
  - $\sim 40\%$  at 1 TeV
- Working in many areas:
  - final cross sections
  - systematics
  - extension for JETPHOX 1.3 NLO:
    - From ROOT Trees  $\rightarrow$  Cross sections with all uncertainties.
    - “Realistic” antiKT04 (based on Fastjet)
    - (Can be used for gamma+jets)
    - Parallel processing on many cores





# Direct photons (B.Blair, S.C, S.Norberg)



JETPHOX calculations

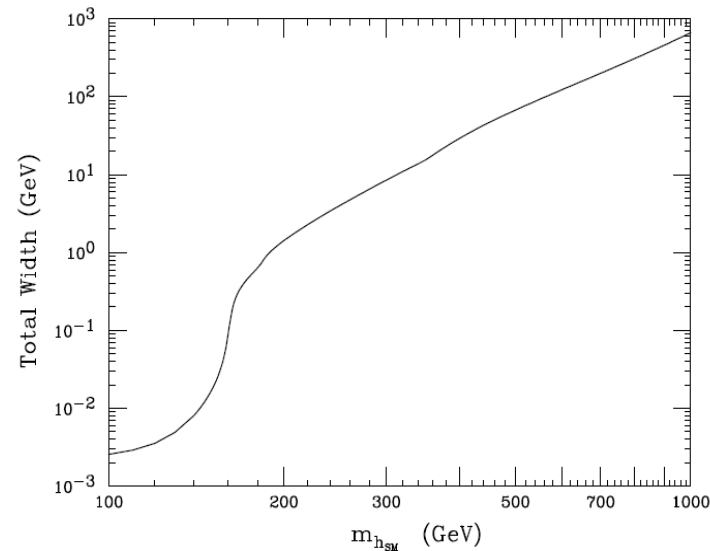
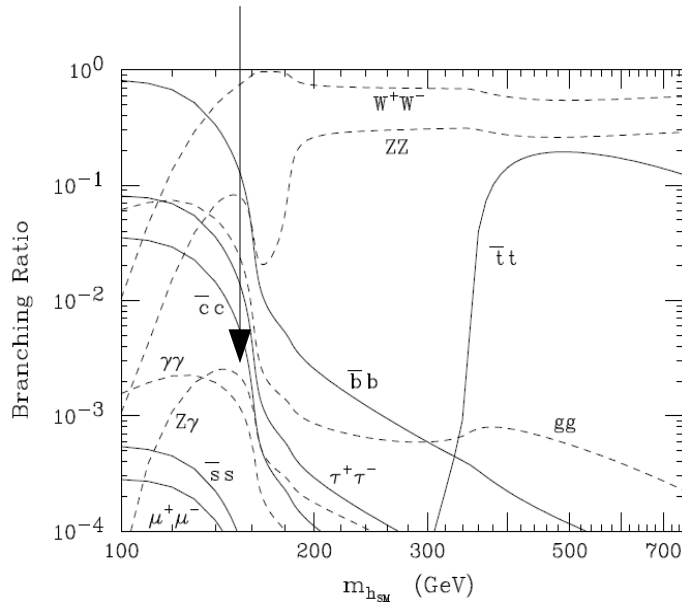
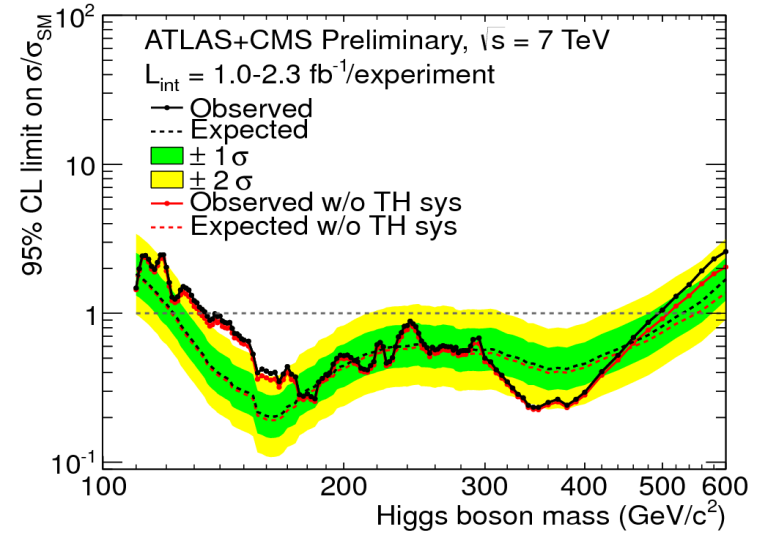
1 day on 400 cores using  
ATLAS/ANL cluster





# Z- $\gamma$ final state (Benjamin Auerbach, S.C.)

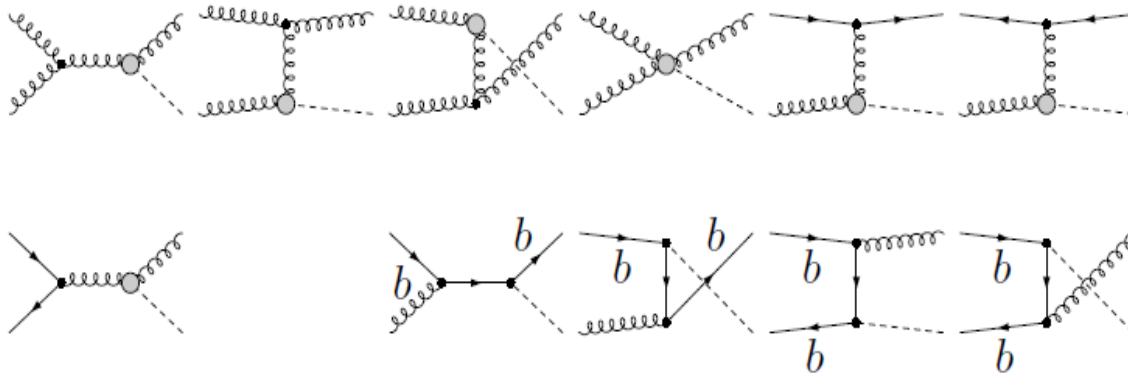
- Initial interest triggered by Ian Low / Jamie Gainer
  - H  $\rightarrow$  Z  $\gamma$  channel
- “Realistic” MC & 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> shows that it is hard to get competitive results
- Waiting for “official” results for H  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma\gamma$  channel
  - The analysis will also be converted to the SM cross sections





# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ + N jet searches (A.Kruze/B.Mellado)

- Higgs with associated jets
- Richer kinematic structure (compared to H  $\rightarrow$  gamma gamma)
  - refined cuts may help to increase S/B
- But smaller rate





# SM jet-shape measurements (Lily Asquith, S.C, Jimmy, Rik)

- Measurements of:
  - jet mass, jet width, eccentricity , planar flow, angularity
- Concentrate on comparison with PYTHIA & HERWIG
- Develop a technique to correct for pile-up (+Toronto group)

**Essential study for searches for new particles beyond the TeV scale**

S.C., J.Proudfoot, Phys. Rev. D81 (2010) 114038

S.C., C.Levy, J.Proudfoot, R.Yoshida, Phys. Rev. D 82, 094029 (2010)

+ many more!





# Boosted top quarks (s.c,c.Chen,Rik,Jimmy, etc.)

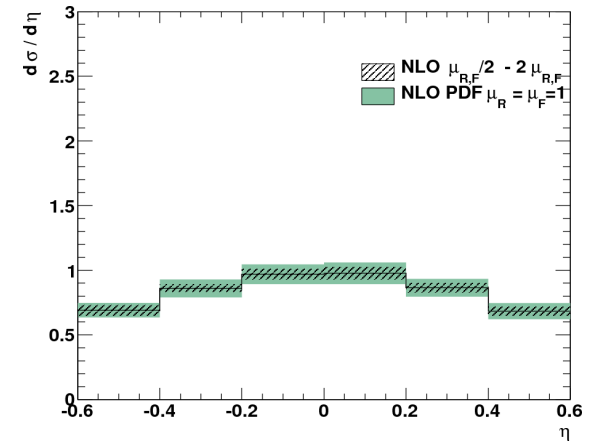
- Look at pT nobody looked before:
  - Start from 1 TeV jets
  - Use “standard” antiKT jet 0.6
  - Look at fully hadronic decays:
    - Use jet masses in combination with jet shapes
- No tops above  $p_T > 1$  TeV expected from PYTHIA (for  $5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ):
  - Expected cross section 0.4 fb for jets with  $p_T > 1$  TeV and  $|\eta| < 0.6$
- Good collaboration with Markus Schulze to calculate NLO cross sections using MCFM:
  - Currently the ATLAS farm is used for scale/PDF uncertainty calculations

## NLO top cross section from MCFM:

- $p_T > 1$  TeV  $|\eta| < 0.6$
- 2 scale uncertainties  $m(\text{top})/2 < \mu(F), \mu(R) < 2 * m(\text{top})$
- 40 mstw2008nlo.68cl PDF sets (green area)

Total cross section:  $\sim 1.04 \pm 0.16$  (scale)  $\pm 0.22$  (PDF) fb

1 day on 43 CPUs





## Boosted W bosons. (C.Chen (Iowa group)+SC)

- Use jet-shapes to find boosted W (hadronic decay)
- Start from  $p_T > 300$  GeV (for jets)
- Build a likelihood function, identify variables with the best sensitivity etc.
- Use a MC template method to extract the W signal

## Top reconstruction (R.Calkin/C.Suhr+ NIU)

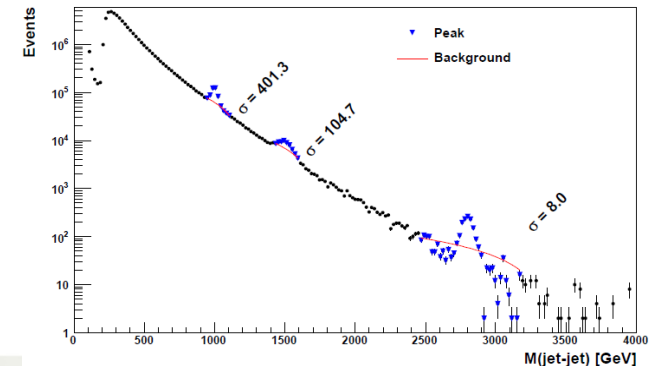
- b-tagging efficiency for  $t\bar{t}$
- single-tops using the “cut method”

## General searches (S.C / J.Boomsma/M.Erickson)

Recent paper:

A non-parametric peak finder algorithm and its application in searches for new physics

E-print: [arxiv.org:1110.3772](https://arxiv.org/abs/1110.3772)







## W/Z + N jets (A.Paramonov/B.Martin)

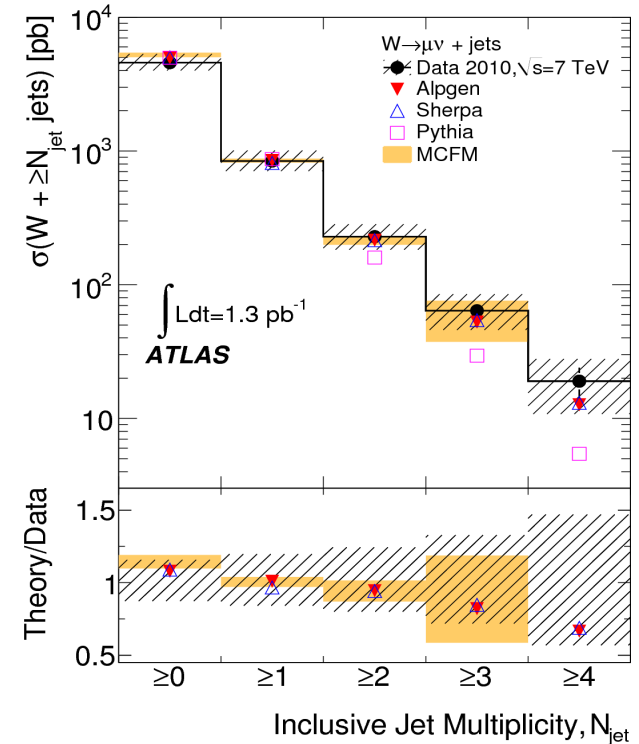
- The analysis “phase-out”
- Results are public
- New results will be published soon
  - improved systematic uncertainties

## Searches for final states with 3 leptons (A.Paramonov/Dong Nguyen)

- SUSY searches
- gluino-gluino  $\rightarrow$  4 top quarks + 2 neutralinos

## Compressed supersymmetry (Tom LeCompte/Dong Nguyen)

- Jet+missET final state.
- Defined the region sensitive to compressed SUSY
- Working on systematic uncertainties
- Paper: <http://arxiv.org/abs/1111.6897>
  - this hits the edge of my knowledge
  - Tom help!



ANL-HEP-PR-11-77

Compressed supersymmetry after  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at the Large Hadron Collider

Thomas J. LeCompte<sup>1</sup> and Stephen P. Martin<sup>2,3,4</sup>

